Family Happiness has to be Planned
and we offer series of plans to suit every family

	—Exceeds—
Business in force	Rs. 1,25,00,000
Completed business in 1947	Rs. 38,00,000
Total Income	Rs 7,00,000

WANTED CHIEF AGENTS & ORGANISERS
Communication to
H. N. ASHAR,
Managing Director.
THE DIGVIJAY INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.
"DHAN NUR", Sir P. M. Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

Regd. No. B. 1065

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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta.

VOL. XXXVI NO. 145 | BOMBAY: TUESDAY, JUNE 22, 1948 | Price: 2 ANNAS

RAMTIRTH BRAHMI SPECIAL NO 1 OIL
ENDS BALDNESS
INCREASES MEMORY
INSURES EYE-SIGHT
IMPARTS SOUND SLEEP
REMOVES GREY HAIR
STOPS FALLING HAIR
REMOVES DANDRUFF
Useful to everybody in all seasons
Rs. 3.8 Big Bottle—Rs. 2 Small Bottle (Sold Everywhere)
SHREE RAMTIRTH YOGASHRAM
BOMBAY No. 4

AMERICA GREETS INDIA'S 'C. R.'

Truman's Tribute To Governor-General

PROMISE OF FRIENDSHIP AND GOODWILL

WASHINGTON, June 21, [(Reuter): President Truman sent a message of congratulations to Mr. Chakravarti Rajagopalachari today.

The message said: "I send you, on behalf of the Government and people of the United States, congratulations and best wishes on the occasion of your assuming the high office of Governor-General of the Dominion of India.

FORTUNATE AND FITTING

"You enter on your new duties equipped with qualities of leadership which make your designation as Governor-General both fortunate and fitting.

Your long career of service to India provides ample assurance that with your help and wise counsel, your country, still beset with many difficult problems, will steadily advance along its course of social and economic progress.

FRIENDSHIP AND GOODWILL

In the days ahead, you and people of India can count on the continued friendship and goodwill of the United States of America."

HOMAGE FROM LONDON

LONDON, June 21 (Reuter) : The High Commissioner of India in Britain, Mr. V. K. Krishna Menon, has cabled Mr. Chakravati Rajagopalachari, the new Governor-General his "personal greetings of deep affection and regard and heartfelt wishes for your success and happiness in the unbroken service of our motherland".

On behalf of the staff at India House and Indians in Britain, the High Commissioner has sent a further cable congratulating the Governor-General and assuring him of their loyal co-operation their loyal co-operation.

The High Commissioner hopes to be at Northholt airport on Wednesday afternoon when Lord Mountbatten is due to arrive.

GREETINGS FROM LANKA

COLOMBO, June 21 (Reuter) : In a message of congratulations sent to Mr. Rajagopalachari on his appointment as the Governor-General of India, Mr. D. S. Senanyake, Prime Minister of Ceylon, says:

"I have no doubt that under your leadership the bonds that have always existed between the peoples of Ceylon and India will grow ever stronger".

MYSORE FELICITATIONS

BANGALORE, June 21, (UPI): A resolution offering felicitations to His Excellency Mr. C. Rajagopalachari on his appointment as the first Indian Governor-General was adopted this afternoon in the Mysore Legislative Council.

The Council hoped that under his able and unerring guidance India would rise from strength to strength and be a source of happiness to all and set an example to the whole world.

Moving the resolution Syed Abdur Rerman described Mr. Rajagopalachari as "one of the foremost and greatest Indian statesmen of today."

Mr. C. Reddy, Chief Minister and Leader of the House, associating himself with the sentiments expressed by Rahaman hoped that in the absence of Gandhiji Rajaji's worthy leadership find an honourable place for India in the comity of nations.

'C. R.' MEETS PRESSMEN

NEW DELHI, June 21, (UPI): "I have called you here this time, friends to have your good wishes on the first day of my assumption of office" observed His Excellency Shri C. Rajagopalachari greeting the Press correspondents, who gathered in Government House in response to an "at home" by the Governor-General. More than one hundred Press correspondents responded to the invitation.

His Excellency entered the drawing room at the south-western end of the Government House, over which was fluttering today the personal blue flag of the new Indian Governor-General.

His Excellency recognised old faces, when he had seen on different occasions either at Delhi or elsewhere in connection with various political conferences, and greeted them with folded hands. Moving from place to place he talked with them on current affairs.

B.P.C.C. Greets Rajaji

BOMBAY Monday.

The Bombay Provincial Congress Committee at its meeting held this evening, conveyed its greetings to Mr. C. Rajagopalachari on his assumption of office as the first Indian Governor-General.

Bombay Congratulates Rajaji

Dr. M. U. Mascarenhas, Mayor of Bombay, has sent the following telegram to his Excellency Shri Rajagopalachari, congratulating him on his accession to the office of the Governor-General of India:—

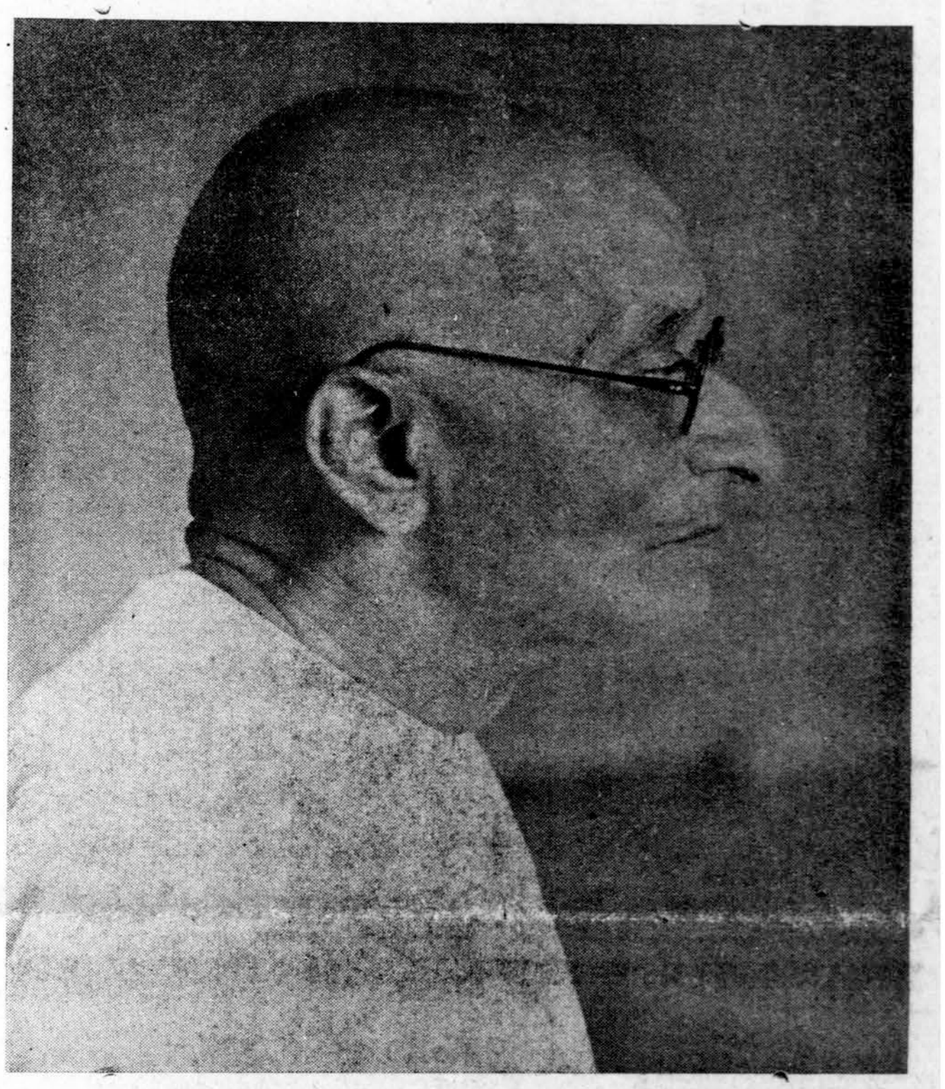
"On behalf of Bombay Municipal Corporation I offer Your Excellency hearty congratulations on your accession to the responsible office of Governor-General of the Indian Dominion. May God grant you health and strength for the successful discharge of the onerous duties of the high office so that during your regime India may enjoy peace, prosperity and progress."

MADRAS TRIBUTES

MADRAS, June 21, (API): Tributes were paid to the Governor-General, Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, eulogising his many-sided activities and service in the cause of the country at a public meeting held here tonight to mark his assumption of office.

This meeting, like so many others held in different parts of the city today, adopted resolutions congratulating Mr. Rajagopalachari on his appointment and praying for his successful tenure of office.

(See Last Page.)



WAR ON T.B.

Wonder Vaccine To Combat Disease

(FROM OUR STAFF CORRESPONDENT)

Early in August a campaign for the use of BCG, the wonder vaccine for the prevention of Tuberculosis will begin in a selected town or village near Madanapalle in the Madras Presidency. This campaign sponsored by the Government of India is the first attempt to use this vaccine in this country.

The manufacture of the vaccine has already started at Guindy in Madras and the first doses are expected to be ready for use next week.

The Government will later invite every province to sent its quota of doctors to the experimental area to be properly initiated in the mysteries of the use of BCG.

Dr. P. V. Benjamin. Tuberculosis Adviser with the Government of India, accompanied by Dr. W. Gellner of the World Health Organisation is touring the country. In the city at present, they held discussions with medical men and tuberculosis workers today.

In an interview with a reporter of this paper Dr. Benjamin threw light on the incidence of this dreaded disease in India, the efficacy of the BCG treatment and the steps being taken by the Government of India to use this drug on a mass scale in an attempt to fight the havoc wrought by tuberculosis.

DREADED DISEASE

Twenty-seven out of the 30 lakhs of inhabitants of Greater Bombay, if subjected to clinical tests would prove positive to tuberculin. In common parlance, this means that more than two and a half million men, women and children on this tiny, congested island have in them the tubercular germ—though in a dormant form.

Lest this imposing array of figures cause needless panic in the citizens, one may reassure them that there is nothing to be alarmed about, for T.B. positive is pretty harmless, despite its long name; and Bombay is no worse than other large cities, in this respect. Statistics has shown that in every large city, at least in India, 90 per cent of the people have in them the tuber-

(Continued on Page 5)

CITY INVITES NEXT CONGRESS

BOMBAY, MONDAY.

THE BOMBAY PROVINCIAL CONGRESS COMMITTEE TODAY EXPRESSED ITS DEEP CONCERN AT THE ARREST AND CONVICTION OF KHAN ABDUL GHAFFAR KHAN BY THE PAKISTAN GOVERNMENT. A RESOLUTION WHICH WAS ADOPTED AT THE MEETING CHARACTERISED AS AN "IMPOLITIC ACT" THE INCARCERATION OF GHAFFAR KHAN WHO WAS STRIVING TO ESTABLISH THE FRIENDLIEST TERMS BETWEEN THE DOMINIONS OF INDIA AND PAKISTAN.

THE MEETING EXTENDED AN INVITATIONS TO HOLD THE NEXT SESSION OF THE INDIAN NATIONAL CONGRESS IN BOMBAY.

FRONTIER ORDINANCE TO SUPPRESS OPPOSITION

ABBOTTABAD, June 21. (A.P.I.): Khan Abdul Qayum Khan, Frontier Premier, declared here that an ordinance to deal with anti-Pakistan elements in N. W. F. P. would shortly be enforced in the province. An approved draft of the ordinance had been received by the Frontier Ministry from Karachi.

Khan Abdul Qayum Khan who was addressing the Hazara District Muslim League Tanzimi (organisational) Conference said that Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan in an interview with Quaid-i-Azam in Peshawar had promised to keep quiet. But after his recent visit to Karachi he had again started his anti-Pakistan activities "probably at the instigation of his Hindu masters".

FAKIR OF IPI

In a reference to the Fakir of Ipi the Frontier Premier said that twelve years ago the Fakir of Ipi was prepared to wage war against the British because one Hindu woman who had embraced Islam was returned to the Hindus. But the Fakir remained unmoved when thousands of Muslim women were recently disgraced by non-Muslims.

Commenting on Afghanistan's claim on N. W. F. P., Khan Abdul Qayum Khan said that democratic people of the Frontier could not accept the autocratic rule of Afghanistan. It was good that the Afghan Ambassador Sardar Shah Wali Khan had declared that Afghanistan had given up all claims on Pakistan territory.

KASHMIR STRUGGLE

The Premier then referred to measures for eradication of corruption in the Frontier Province and said that the Government had already appointed an Anti-Corruption Committee and would not spare any one irrespective of position or rank. The Premier claimed that there was minimum corruption in Frontier as compared to other provinces of Pakistan.

One of the resolutions passed by the Conference offered the services of 80,000 discharged soldiers of Hazara District to the Azad Kashmir Government for their participation in the Kashmir struggle and requested the Government of Pakistan not to place any obstacles in their way.

Nizam's Reprisals Against India

BAN ON "FOREIGN" MONEY IN CASH TRANSACTIONS

HYDERABAD '(Dn.) June 21, (A.P.I.): The Nizam's Government today promulgated an Ordinance extending for a further period of six months the order issued in December last making the use of State currency obligatory in all cash transactions in the State and declaring the circulation of "any foreign currency for such purposes" as illegal except by bona fide travellers.

Razakar's Futile Attack On C. P. Village

NAGPUR, June 21 (A.P.I.) : Fifty Razakars who were armed with rifles and swords made an infructuous attempt to attack Nagram village on the Sironcha border of Chanda District in the Indian Union territory on the evening of June 18, according to official information received here.

Timely arrival of a squad of Special armed force from Sironcha, however, checked the menace, and the raiders retreated into Hyderabad territory. Three Muslims of Nagram village, who are reported to have supplied food to the Razakars, have been arrested, it is learnt.

RAZAKARS "EVACUATE" BERAR MUSLIMS

NAGPUR, June 21 (A.P.I.) : A concerted plan by Razakars for the evacuation of the Muslim population from Berar villages bordering on Hyderabad State territory is disclosed in reports received here in official quarters.

It is stated on the night of June 16 last, some armed Razakars entered the border village of Baruitopha in the Basim sub-division of Berar (Indian Union territory) and succeeded in persuading about 40 Muslim residents of that village to escape into Hyderabad State territory.

Indian Union policemen stationed in the area chased the Razakars and fired nine rounds.

Details of casualties were not available.

Baroda Cabinet Members

Prime Minister Submits Names To Ruler

BARODA, June 21 (UPI)—It is understood on good authority that Dr. Jivraj Mehta the Prime Minister of Baroda, has forwarded to the Maharaja the following names to be members of his Cabinet.

Dr. Jivraj Mehta, Prime Minister, Mr. Chotalal Sutaria, Mr. Chunilal P. Shah, Mr. Maganbhai Shankerbhai Patel, Mr. Ramchandra Amin, Mr. Tambe and Mr. Rugnath Leua.

Messrs. Sutaria Shah, Patel and Amin are representatives of the Prajamandal. Mr Tambe is from the Maharashtrian group which has so far a dominating voice in the administration of the State and Mr. Leua who is at present an officer in the Baroda State Service, is a member of the scheduled castes. Mr. Chunilal Shah is President of the Prajamandal, while Mr. Sutaria is a Minister in the present administration.

The Maharaja, who is now in England, is expected to return to India in about a week and the new Cabinet, the first to work as full responsible popular Government in the State, will be sworn in immediately thereafter.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS
SPECIAL RECRUITMENT BOARD
NOTICE

IN CLARIFICATION of certain points appearing in the advertisement which appeared in the Press recently and in the Press Note dated the 3rd June 1948 regarding the emergency recruitment to the Indian Administrative Service, the Indian Police Service and certain gazetted posts in the Central Secretariat, the following notice is published for general information:-

I. PARA. 1 OF THE ADVERTISEMENT.
The prescribed application fee is payable along with the application and will not be refunded on any account once it is paid

II. PARA. 2 OF THE ADVERTISEMENT.
(a) A Pass graduate of a University which does not classify successful candidates for the Pass Degree will be deemed to have obtained a second class degree if he satisfies the Special Recruitment Board that he secured at least 50 per cent of the total marks.
(b) Pass graduates of Universities which classify successful candidates separately in three parts will be deemed to have obtained that class which they obtain in their optional subjects.
(c) The degree referred to in the Advertisement must be a degree in Arts or Science of one of the Universities recognised by the Federal Public Service Commission.
(d) A degree held in a professional or vocational subject shall NOT render a candidate eligible for being considered for appointment.

III. PARA. 3 OF THE ADVERTISEMENT.
Candidates born between the Second January 1921 and 1st of August 1921 may also apply.

IV. PARA. 9 OF THE ADVERTISEMENT.
The Special procedure mentioned in this paragraph applies only to those Provincial Civil and Provincial Police Services, members of which were eligible in the past for listed appointments to executive posts in the Indian Civil Service and for appointment to the Indian Police respectively and will, hereafter, be eligible for promotion to the Indian Administrative Service and the Indian Police Service respectively. Officers of all other Provincial Services, including Provincial Judicial Services should follow the ordinary procedure mentioned in paragraph 10.

V. No relaxation of any qualification prescribed in the Advertisement is permissible in respect of War Service candidates.

VI. With reference to the statement made in the Press Note of the 3rd June 1948, it is notified for information of the persons concerned that
(a) candidates who obtained high ranks in the I.C.S. and I.A. & A.S. Examinations since 1938, and have not obtained permanent appointment as a result thereof;
(b) officers who have been appointed to the General Administrative Reserve or have been recommended by the Federal Public Service Commission for such appointments; and
(c) candidates recommended by the Federal Public Service Commission for appointment to the Indian Foreign Service but not appointed to that Service;
have been informed individually that they may apply in the prescribed form even if they do not strictly fulfil the qualifications prescribed in the advertisement. If any such person has not received this intimation due to change of address not notified to the authorities he may now submit his application in the prescribed form or make further enquiries of the Special Recruitment Board.

R. C. DUTT.
Secretary
Special Recruitment Board.

NEW DELHI,
17th June 1948.

Smart in appearance—Superior in quality—Light in weight, hardly 1 lb. Made from double textured rubberised cloth, guaranteed waterproof.
Available in all suitable sizes
Trade enquiries solicited from Dealers and Stockists.
TIP-TOP CLOTHING CORPORATION
126 BAZARGATE ST FORT, BOMBAY

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD

Minimum Rs. 1/8/-

To Be Paid In Advance

MATRIMONIAL

Wanted Beautiful Virgin or Widow of any community for Hindu Graduate of 30 in Govt. Service. Write to Box No. 9022, "Bombay Chronicle".

Hindoo Widow, age 40, invites correspondence view matrimony-Governess-ship c/o Post Box 4014 Bombay—7 8993

Highly educated, cultured Indian lady (Maharashtrian) with rational outlook invites correspondence from equally highly qualified, sincere, well-established bachelor below 40. Apply c/o Box No. 9017 "Bombay Chronicle".

Matches for three girls 16, 20, 30 years. Well educated & pretty Correspond with Lady Manager, Marriage Gazette, Barna Street, Saddar Bazar, Delhi. 7

Wanted matches—Maratha virgin girl, 21, English 5th and two uneducated widows below thirty. Write Marriage Bulletin, Post Box 4014 Bombay 7. (8993A)

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted Teachers, Professors, Technicians, Engineers, Typists, Clerks, Stenos, Secretaries, Supervisors, Managers, Doctors, Compounders, and Nurses for various Estd. Organisations of Bombay. Apply through, "Globe Employment Bureau Agra". 8994

Wanted one designer for Art Silk Mill, apply The Nanikram Sobhraj Mills Ltd., Railway Pura, Ahmedabad. 326

Wanted Graduates, strong in Languages, undergraduates (one with Persian, preferred) and a Drawing Teacher. Pay ac. to qualifications and D.A. Apply to the President, Education Society, Chavdi, Hansot (Dist. Broach). (8972)

If you want any kind of employment in India or abroad, apply (stating qualification) for our "Terms". Hastings & Co., Employment Agents, cloth market, Delhi. 9018

ACCOMMODATION WANTED

Well established Insurance Company requiring furnished Offices with best situations in Madras, Calcutta, Delhi, principle towns in U. P. and C. P. may apply to Box No. 128 "Bombay Chronicle."

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Admissions—Davar's College of Commerce—Enrol immediately for new Session just commenced for Specialised Professional Diploma Coures for Company Secretaries, Bank Officers, Accountants and General Commerce etc. Tuition personal or postal. Call or write for Prospectus, 51, Esplanade Road. 9009

Appointments by Interview-The B. I.E.T. (India) Ltd. offers a special course on General Intelligence and Viva Voce Training to ensure success in securing administrative posts in Government Departments and Business Firms. The course can be completed in one month by spare time study at home and costs only Rs. 50/- Send cash or write for fuller particulars, Free Dept. G/ 20, B.I.E.T. (India) Ltd., 359 Hornby Road, Bombay. 318

BOOKS & MAGAZINES

Read Grihast Gupt Jiwan. /12/. by Doctor Mohandevi female disease specialist study Man and Marriage /12/. by Kaviraj Dewan Harbansial. Gold Medalist famous specialist Chowk Bara-tooti, Sadar Bazar Delhi. 327

MEDICAL ADLETS

Hysteria and Epilepsy Saintly gift of Chitrakot at the time of fit the medicine should be entered in both the holes of the nose and after sneezing a dead black warm will come out and the patient will be cured for ever. Mahatma Tiyagi Baba, Ansuiya Ashram Chitrakot (Banda) U.P. 9017

AGENTS WANTED.

Wanted Agents to sell our high quality hair Cutting Machine in every City and Town. Ask for samples and Agency terms. Willington Trading Co., 11/42, Gwaltoli, Kanpur (U.P.). (116)

Wanted Agents and Stockists, for the sale of our Chappals & Sandals (Ladies & Gents'), & Shoes famous for their elegance & durability. For terms & samples. Please apply to:—J. K. Leather Works, Post Box 286, Kanpur (U.P.) 319

Wanted Agents in all important places to enlist Subscribers and to secure Advertisements for Ladies Herald, the most popular English monthly on attractive terms. A deposit of Rs. 25 necessary, Apply: Manager, "Ladies Herald", Madras 21. (256)

MACHINERY FOR SALE

For Sale—One Blackstone 78 H.P. Verticle Engine lying in original Factory packing immediate delivery correspond Box No. 9021 "Bombay Chronicle".

MOTOR TRUCKS FOR SALE

Three Chevrolet Goods Trucks Models 43, three Chevrolet Complete Buses Models 1943, three Chevrolet Complete Buses Models 1936, are for sale. Please apply to Sarosh Motor Works Ltd., Nasik. (8932)

PUBLIC NOTICES

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA,

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES,

Office of the Director of Supplies, Mercantile Chambers, Ballard Estate, BOMBAY.

THE DIRECTOR of Supplies invites Tender No: BOM/H2/1365 to reach him on or before 11 A.M. on 28-6-48 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 8/- (Rupees eight) (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money ordcr. or Indian Postal order (quoting Tender Number, full Name and address of the remiter) for:

Description:	Quantity:
Screws, Wood, Iron C. S. K. Head & Round heads & screws coach square head Iron electrolytically Galvd. or sherardised of sizes	23.405 Gross & 12 Cwt.

Applicants not already on the approved list of this Dept. or the late Dept. of Supply must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms. Tender forms will not be issued to firms already blacklisted. 312

NOTICE

WANTED by a reputed, well-established Commercial Concern, having Offices in both Indian and Pakistan Dominions, a Mohamedan Civil Engineer, with at least 15 years experience in reinforced concrete design and construction to take charge of the office in Karachi. Must be a Graduate in Civil Engineering of an Indian or Foreign University. Grade 750-50-1350 with Dearness and Car allowance. Starting salary according to qualifications, experience and status. Apply giving full particulars to Box No. 223 "Bombay Chronicle."

MADRAS & SOUTHERN MAHRATTA RAILWAY.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the posts of HARBOUR MASTER and DREDGING-MASTER-cum-CHIEF ENGINEER, Mormugao Harbour, from candidates possessing the qualifications mentioned below. The vacancies are permanent but the appointments will be on probation for a period of one year in the first instance.

HARBOUR MASTER

ESSENTIAL QUALIFICATIONS—Board of Trade Certificate of competency as Master of a vessel or equivalent colonial or foreign certificate.

DESIRABLE QUALIFICATIONS—(i) Experience at sea as Chief Officer of an ocean-going vessel. (ii) Ability to speak English, Portuguese and Hindusthani. (iii) Knowledge of (a) Fire-fighting Precautions, (b) Maintenance of mooring gear, position, of buoys etc., and (c) Control of cranes.

AGE—Preferably below 40 years on 1.6.1948; may be relaxed in the case of Government servants.

SALARY—Rs. 700-25-1000, subject to revision in the light of the Government of India's decision on the recommendations of the Central Pay Commission. Higher initial pay may be granted in special cases.

DEARNESS ALLOWANCE—Will be paid as per the rules in force.

QUARTERS—Unfurnished quarters will be provided on which rent at 10 per cent of emoluments or the assessed rent, whichever is less, will be charged.

DREDGING MASTER-cum-CHIEF ENGINEER

ESSENTIAL QUALIFICATIONS—First Class Board of Trade Certificate and Navigation Certificate. Candidates not in possession of a Navigation Certificate or without experience in navigation are not debarred from applying but a candidate so selected will be required to qualify in Navigation.

DESIRABLE QUALIFICATIONS—Knowledge of Hindusthani.

AGE—Preferably between 30 and 40 years on 1.6.1948; may be relaxed in the case of Government servants.

SALARY—Rs. 750-850-950, subject to revision in the light of the Government of India's decision on the recommendations of the Central Pay Commission. Higher initial pay may be granted in special cases.

DEARNESS ALLOWANCE—Will be paid as per the rules in force.

QUARTERS—Unfurnished quarters will be provided on which rent at 10 per cent of emoluments or the assessed rent, whichever is less, will be charged.

In either case applications should be accompanied by a copy of the candidate's birth certificate and certificates testifying to his good conduct and ability during a period of not less than three years immediately preceding the date of application. Full particulars of the technical certificates held and of previous experience are also required to be stated in the application, and candidates must be prepared to appear for a personal interview at Madras, if called upon to do so

Women are not eligible for these posts and Nationals of Portuguese India or other Portuguese citizens will be preferred.

Applications should be addressed to the General Manager, M. & S. M. Railway, Park Town, Madras 3, and the closing date for receipt of the same at Madras is 24th July 1948. (300)

PUBLIC NOTICES

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES & SUPPLIES

PRESS NOTE.

ALUMINIUM POOL.

UNDER a scheme worked by the Government of India mainly for affording protection to the indigenous industry imported aluminium ingots, sheets and circles of commercial quality are being pooled with the indigenous production and released to the consumers at an average price fixed by Government from time to time. These prices have been reviewed recently and it has been decided to revise them as follows with effect from the 12th June, 1948.

ALUMINIUM INGOTS Rs. 2170/- per ton.

Gauge	Aluminium sheets	Aluminium circles
16	Rs. 3185 per ton.	Rs. 3360 per ton.
18	Rs. 3325 " "	Rs. 3430 " "
20	Rs. 3465 " "	Rs. 3605 " "
22	Rs. 3675 " "	Rs. 3955 " "
24	Rs. 3955 " "	Rs. 4235 " "

D. P. ANTIA,
Development Officer (Metals).
— 321

BENGAL NAGPUR RAILWAY

EMPLOYMENT NOTICE

APPLICATIONS are invited for one permanent post of Chief Officer, S. D. "Vizagapatam", at Vizagapatam Port, from Nationals of Indian Dominion by birth or by domicile or persons of Indian descent or citizens of Indian States or Citizens of Pakistan Dominion or of any other territory adjacent to India in whose favour a declaration of eligibility has been issued by the Central Government.

SCALE OF PAY AND PROSPECTS:—Rs. 360-20-500 plus dearness and other allowances admissible under the rules. Candidates with Home Trade Master's or higher certificates or the equivalent in Dredging experience will be eligible for promotion to Commanders on Dredger (Class I service) while candidates with B.O.T. Master's certificate will also be eligible for promotion to the Pilot service, which is a Class I Service.

QUALIFICATIONS: Candidates should have passed S.S.L.C. or Matriculate or equivalent standard which may be relaxed if the candidate possesses reasonable standard of English and general knowledge and in addition be in possession of a Home Trade Master's or Inland Water Master's Certificate. Recognised Marine Certificates not essential in case of candidates with practical experience as Dredging Masters or Assistant Dredging Masters on Port Dredgers.

AGE: Candidates should not exceed 35 years of age on 1-7-1948 and ex-servicemen should not be more than 40 years on that date. Upper age limit relaxable by 3 years for Scheduled Caste Candidates.

Government and Railway Servants are also eligible to apply through their respective Heads of Departments. No relaxation to the qualifications stated in para 3 above will be made in case of Government or Railway Servants. Other conditions being equal, sons of Railway employees will receive a measure of preferential consideration.

Candidates selected for appointment will have to undergo a prescribed Medical test, and will have to take the Oath of Allegiance to the Dominion of India.

Applications addressed to the Deputy General Manager (Staff), B. N. Railway House, Kidderpore, Calcutta 23, should reach him on or before 15-7-1948.

Canvassing in any form will be a disqualification.

DEPUTY GENERAL MANAGER (STAFF). 317

COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING, AHMEDABAD.

APPLICATIONS are invited from suitable candidates for the following posts:—

(1) 3—Assistant Lecturers in Civil Engineering.
(2) 2—Assistant Lecturers in Mechanical Engineering.
(3) 2—Assistant Lecturers in Electrical Engineering.
(4) 2—Assistant Lecturers in Applied Mechanics.
(5) 1—Assistant Lecturer in Physics.
(6) 1—Assistant Lecturer in Mathematics.
(7) 2—Assistant Lecturers in Workshop Technology.

All the above posts are in the Bombay Subordinate Educational Service and are temporary in the first instance but are likely to be made permanent.

PAY SCALE: Rs. 160-10-200 E.B. 10-250 for all the posts plus the cost of living, compensatory and house rent allowances at the rates sanctioned by Government from time to time.

QUALIFICATIONS: For posts (1) (2) and (3): Degree in Engineering in their respective branches or its equivalent, and at least 2 years practical experience as an apprentice or in a salaried job.

For post at No. (4): B.E. Degree (Civil or Mechanical).

For post at No. (5): M.A. or M.Sc. or first class B.Sc. with physics as principal subject.

For post at No. (6): M.A. or M.Sc. in Mathematics preferably in group 'B' Applied Mathematics and at least 2 years teaching experience in a College affiliated to the Bombay University.

For post at No. (7): Degree or Diploma in Mechanical Engineering with at least 2 years practical experience in a workshop of repute.

Application forms and other particulars can be had from the undersigned by sending a self addressed and stamped envelope. Last date of submitting application 5-7-1948.

T. N. TOLANI,
Principal.
Ahmedabad,
19-6-48. 320

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS are invited from BONA FIDE residents of the Bombay Province and non-Muslim refugees from Western Pakistan for two Government Scholarships of the value of Rs. 60 p.m. for research work in Technical Chemistry tenable in India. Applications are specially invited from B.Sc.'s with Chemistry as their principal subject. Applications from those who are adequately grounded in Chemistry, Physics and Mathematics and who are capable of doing useful technical investigation will also be considered.

Preference will be given to candidates who have had industrial experience or who have prospects of industrial employment on the termination of their scholarships. Candidates without industrial experience should not be more than 23 years and 24 in the case of non-Brahmins. Candidates with approved industrial experience should not be more than 26 years of age.

Further particulars and prescribed form of application can be obtained from the office of the Joint Director of Technical Education, C/O Elphinstone Technical High School, Dhobi Talao, Bombay. Applications for scholarships should reach the Joint Director of Technical Education, Bombay Province, Bombay, by 3rd July, 1948, at the latest. 316

INDIAN ORDNANCE FACTORIES.

A NUMBER OF VACANCIES exist in the various Indian Ordnance Factories. Applications are invited not later than 31st July 1948 from the ex-employees who have worked for any period of time during the war in the Indian Ordnance Factories in the supervisory grades, i.e., non-gazetted posts or supervisors. The terms of pay etc., are as follows: PAY:—Foreman: Rs. 360-20-500. Assistant Foreman: Rs. 300-20-400. Chargemen: Grade I: Rs. 260-10-350. Chargemen: Grade II Rs. 200-10-300. Supervisors: Grade 'A': Rs. 150-7-185-8-225. Supervisors: Grade 'B': Rs. 105-5-150 (provisional). NOTE: A starting pay higher than the minimum may be offered in suitable cases. The non-gazetted posts Chargemen and above, will be on a contract for a period of 3 to 5 years with a prospect of absorption in permanent vacancies. Applicants should state nature of post applied for and pay expected. GRATUITY: In the case of men recruited on contract a gratuity of one month's pay for each completed year of approved service payable on termination of contract. Applications together with full particulars, i.e. factory or factories in which served, appointments held in factories, rate of pay last drawn and brief particulars of the present appointment, if any, pay or emoluments and the date on which the applicant may be able to join service in the Ordnance Factories if appointed, should be forwarded on plain paper to the Director General of Ordnance Factories, 6, Esplanade East, Calcutta. The left-hand corner of the envelopes should be marked "RE-ENTERTAINMENT OF EX-EMPLOYEES". 322

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS are invited from BONA FIDE residents of the Bombay Province and from non-Muslim refugees from Western Pakistan for one Government Scholarship of the value of Rs. 75 p.m. for practical training in Electrical Engineering and will be tenable in the workshops of either the G.I.P. Rly., the B.E.S. & T. Co., Ltd., or the Tata Sons Ltd., Applications will be received from candidates who are holders of the degree of B.E. (Mech.) or B.E. (Elec.) or B.E. (Mech. and Elec.) of the Bombay University or the diploma of the V. J. Technical Institute, Bombay or of the degrees or diplomas from other colleges or institutions which provide courses equivalent to or higher than those at the Institutions mentioned above.

Preference will be given to candidates who have had practical experience in workshop and who have prospects of industrial employment on the termination of the scholarship. Candidates without workshop experience should not be more than 23 years of age; those with not less than two years' approved industrial or electrical experience should not be more than 26 years of age.

Further particulars e.g. payments of premiums to the G.I.P. Rly., or the B.E.S. & T. Co., Ltd., etc. and the prescribed form of application can be obtained from the office of the Joint Director of Technical Education, C/o Elphinstone Technical High School, Dhobi Talao, Bombay. Applications for scholarship must reach the Joint Director of Technical Education, Bombay Province, Bombay, by 3rd July, 1948. 316A

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE INDIAN ROADS AND TRANSPORT DEVELOPMENT ASSOCIATION LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TWENTIETH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Indian Roads and Transport Development Association Ltd. will be held on THURSDAY, the 8th Day of July, 1948 at 6 p.m. (Standard Time) in the Board Room of Messrs. Associated Cement Companies Ltd., 1 Queen's Road, opposite Churchgate Station, Bombay, for the purpose of transacting the following business namely:—

(1) To receive and adopt the Report of the members of the Council and the Audited Accounts for the year ended 31st December 1947.
(2) To elect members of the Council in place of those retiring.
(3) To appoint Auditors for the current year and fix their remuneration.

Dated this 21st Day of June, 1948.
By Order of the Council,
C. S. NAIR,
Secretary. 328

THE BARSI LIGHT RAILWAY CO. LTD.

(Incorporated in England).

TENDER NOTICE.

SEPARATE TENDERS with samples are invited for the supply of 60 maunds Chillies and 300 maunds of Jagree by the undersigned on or before 30th June 1948. The envelope containing the Tenders should be sealed, addressed to the undersigned and super-inscribed with the words "Tenders for Chillies, etc." Good quality essential.

2. The stuff can be supplied at any stations on our line or at Company's Grain Shop at Kurduwadi within a week of acceptance of the Tender.

3. Rates should be per BENGAL MAUND.

4. The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest tender, nor is he bound to assign any reason therefor.

AGENT & GENERAL MANAGER. 323

CIVIL AVIATION DIRECTORATE

TENDER NOTICE

1. SEALED TENDERS are invited for lease of the Restaurant at the Palam Airport, Delhi Cantt. for the purpose of running a restaurant and catering service. Tenders will be received at the office of the Aerodrome Officer, Palam, up to 12 noon on the 5th of July, 1948. The sealed tenders will be forwarded to the Director General of Civil Aviation, New Delhi, unopened.

2. Further particulars, conditions of lease, form of tenders and plans are available at the above mentioned office of the Aerodrome Officer, Palam Airport, Palam, Delhi Cantt: and may be obtained on any working day between the hours of 11 a.m. and 4 p.m. on payment of a fee of Rs. 2/12/-.

3. Tender forms will only be issued to experienced caterers who are capable of running a first class restaurant. 312

LEGAL NOTICES

HIGH COURT, BOMBAY

O. O C. J.

Summary Suit No. 696 of 1948

THE NATIONAL SECURITY BANK LTD. ..... Plaintiffs

vs.

ADAM HAJI ESMAIL, ... Defendant.

To,
ADAM HAJI ESMAIL, Esqr.,

The defendant abovenamed.

WHEREAS the abovenamed plaintiffs have instituted a suit in this Court against you the abovenamed defendant under rule 2 of Order XXXVII of the Code of Civil Procedure 1908 for recovering a sum of Rs. 8,758-0-3 inclusive of interest upto 31st January, 1947, due by you at the foot of your account with the plaintiffs in respect whereof you gave to the plaintiffs two demand pro-notes one dated 22nd February, 1946, for a sum of Rs 2,500/- and the other dated 10th March, 1946, for a sum of Rs. 3,000/- and two letters of continuity on the respective dates as mentioned in the plaint herein as and by way of collateral; security and interest thereon at the rate of 12 per cent per annum with monthly rests from 1st February, 1947 till Judgment. You are hereby summoned to cause an appearance to be entered for you within ten days from the service hereof in default whereof the plaintiffs will be entitled at any time after the expiration of such ten days to obtain a decree for any sum not exceeding the sum of Rs. 8,757-0-3 and costs together with such interest if any as the court may order.

If you cause an appearance to be entered for you the plaintiffs will thereafter serve upon you a summons for Judgment at the hearing of which you will be entitled to ask the court for leave to defend the suit.

Leave to defend may be obtained if you satisfy the court by affidavit or otherwise that there is a defence to the suit on the merits or that it is reasonable that you should be allowed to defend the suit.

Witness MAHOMEDALLI CURRIM CHAGLA, Esqr., Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this 8th day of March, 1948.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) A. R. NARAIN IYER.
For Prothonotary and Senior Master.

Messrs. MAJUMDAR & CO.
Plaintiffs' Attorneys. 313

PUBLIC NOTICES

B.B. & C.I. RAILWAY.

SAURASHTRA MAIL & EXPRESS WITH EFFECT from THURSDAY, July 1st, Nos. 5 Down and 10 Up Kathiawar Mail and Nos. 15 Down and 16 Up Kathiawar Express will be renamed Saurashtra Mail and Express trains respectively. 329

TRADE NOTICE.

ACTUAL CONSUMERS of SODA ASH (LIGHT) may please get their requirements booked in advance. Only a limited quantity of 440 tons already shipped and arriving by 'Flying Trader' and 'Rotti'.

R. S. DASS BADHWAR.
11 A.P. Sen Road, LUCKNOW. 9023

LEGAL NOTICES

HIGH COURT BOMBAY

O. O. C. J.

Summary suit No. 708 of 1948

THE NATIONAL SECURITY BANK LTD ..... Plaintiffs

vs.

RAMANLAL GORDHANDAS and Co. ..... Defendants

To,
RAMANLAL GORDHANDAS & CO.,

The defendants abovenamed.

WHEREAS the abovenamed plaintiffs have instituted a suit in this Court against you the abovenamed defendants under rule 2 of Order XXXVII of the Code of Civil Procedure 1908 for recovering a sum of Rs. 1574-12-10 inclusive of interest upto 21st February, 1937, due by you at the foot of your account with the plaintiffs and interest thereon at the rate of 9 per cent per annum with monthly rests from 22nd February, 1947, till judgment. You are hereby summoned to cause an appearance to be entered for you within ten days from the service hereof, in default whereof the plaintiffs will be entitled at any time after the expiration of such ten days to obtain a decree for any sum not exceeding the sum of Rs. 1574-12-10 and interest as aforesaid and costs together with such interest, if any, as the court may order.

If you cause an appearance to be entered for you the plaintiffs will thereafter serve upon you a summons for Judgment at the hearing of which you will be entitled to ask the court for leave to defend the suit.

Leave to defend may be obtained if you satisfy the court by affidavit or otherwise that there is a defence to this suit on the merits or that it is reasonable that you should be allowed to defend this suit.

Witness MAHOMEDALLI CURRIM CHAGLA, Esq. Chief Justice at Bombay, this 8th day of March, 1948.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) A R. NARAIN IYER,
For Prothonotary and Senior Master.

Messrs. MAJUMDAR & CO.
Plaintiff's Attorneys. 315

HIGH COURT, BOMBAY

O. O C. J.

Summary Suit No. 613 of 1948.

THE NATIONAL SECURITY BANK LTD. ..... Plaintiffs

vs.

REVALAL MOTIRAM .. Defendant

To
REVALAL MOTIRAM, Esqr.,

The defendant abovenamed.

WHERAS the abovenamed plaintiffs have instituted a suit in this Court against you the abovenamed defendant under rule 2 of Order XXXVII of the Code of Civil Procedure 1908 for recovering a sum of Rs. 10,432-13-1 inclusive of interest upto 21st February, 1947, due by you at the foot of your account with the plaintiffs in respect whereof you gave to the plaintiffs a demand pro-note and a letter of continuity both signed in blank as mentioned in the plaint herein as and by way of colleteral security with interest thereon at the rate of 9 per cent per annum with monthly rests from 22nd February 1947 till judgment. You are hereby summoned to cause an appearance to be entered for you within ten days from the service hereof in default whereof the plaintiffs will be entitled at any time after the expiration of such ten days to obtain a decree for any sum not exceeding the sum of Rs. 10,432-13-1 with interest as aforesaid and costs together with such interest, if any, as the court may order.

If you cause an appearance to be entered for you, the plaintiffs will thereafter serve upon you a summons for judgment at the hearing of which you will be entitled to ask to court for leave to defend the suit.

Leave to defend may be obtained if you satisfy the court by affidavit or otherwise that there is a defence to the suit on merits or that it is reasonable that you should be allowed to defend the suit.

Witness MAHOMEDALLI CURRIM CHAGLA, Esqr., Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this 3rd day of March, 1948

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) A. R. NARAYAN IYER.
For Prothonotary & Senior Master

Messrs. MAJUMDAR & CO.
Plaintiff's Attorneys. 314

PUBLIC NOTICES

EASTERN PUNJAB RAILWAY.
Tender No. 225 202-S 1/P.2
Dated 18-6-48.

SEALED TENDERS are invited for supply of six Centrifugal pumps to the following specification:—

"Centrifugal pumps driven by diesel oil engine capacity from 30 to 50 thousand gallons per hour, capable of lifting up to heads between 40' and 60', with 25 ft. length of flexible armoured suction pipe and one foot valve each pump".

2. Preference will be given to pumps where the pumps and engine are mounted on one base plate

3. Quotations must reach the undersigned by 3-7-1948.

4. Delivery required by 31-7-1948 Railway Material Certificate will be furnished for concessional rate of freight.

5. Inspection will be done at destination.

6. Quotations should be submitted in tenderers' own forms in sealed envelopes superscribed. "TENDER FOR CENTRIFUGAL PUMPS".

Details of pumps offered and relevant literature should also be submitted.

CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER (Stores).
E. P. Railway,
The Mall, Delhi. 324

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF APROX.

19,000 quarts Solan Beer and 82 lbs. cocoamilk, by order of The Regional Disposals Commissioner, Bombay, on FRIDAY 25-6-48, at 10 a.m. (S.T.), at Station Supply Depot, Tram Terminus, Sassoon Dock, Colaba. Lots will be sold to lincense holders only. Terms: Full cash and sales tax on the spot, delivery before 3-7-48. Announcement as to fitness of items will be made at the auction.

CRAWFORD & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF MACHINERY, ETC.

Under instructions from the office concerned M/s. Bennett & Co. will sell by public auction on THURSDAY, 1st July, 1948 at 3 p.m. (S.T.) at their rooms:

9 Nordan High Precision Watchmaker's Lathes, 25 Grinders, spare grinding wheels, 65 portable Electric Drills by M/s. A. Rava, Turin, Italy, 10 Dacapo spirit duplicators, 32 Amplion 1 H.P. Engines, 3 Amplion Lighting sets, 3 Amplion Wiring Kits, etc. All brand new, in original packing. The sale is subject to the reserved prices fixed by the Vendors. Samples on view from 26th instant.

Terms: 25% cash deposit.

BENNETT & CO.

WANTED

Applications are invited from qualified candidates to be trained as apprentices in the Engineering Department in the grade of Rs. 100-20-200 or higher according to merit. Only those who hold a good degree in Electrical or Mechanical Engineering may apply sharp with copies of testimonials in the prescribed form which can be had on payment of Annas eight from: THE EMPLOYMENT OFFICER, CALICO MILLS, AHMEDABAD.

CATARACT

Try Dagon's "EYE-CURE" (Reg.) guaranteed specific for CATARACT and all other eye troubles. No risk. Thousands cured without operation. Safe sure world-wide reputed and tested. Success guaranteed. Particulars free Price Rs. 8 Postage As 12.
KAMALA WORKS (B.C.)
Panchpota, BENGAL

ALLAHABAD BANK
LIMITED

ESTABLISHED 1865

Affiliated to
The Chartered Bank of India, Australia & China

HEAD OFFICE: CALCUTTA
6 & 7, Royal Exchange Place
BOMBAY OFFICES
39, Apollo Street
And
232/34, Kalbadevi Road
AHMEDABAD OFFICE
Pankore Naka.

Authorised Capital	Rs. 1,00,00,000
Subscribed Capital	Rs. 60,00,000
Paid-up Capital	Rs. 45,00,000
Reserve Fund	Rs. 1,85,00,000

Branches and Correspondents throughout India. Agents in all principal cities of the World.

Safe Deposit vaults installed at the Bank's Calcutta and Ahmedabad Offices Individual lockers available at moderate rates. Executorships and Trusteeships undertaken. All banking facilities provided.

A. F. WOOD,
General Manager.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 21 April, 2017

SERVICE And GOODWILL MISSION

S.G.M.—17

DELHI OFFICE:
33, HANUMAN ROAD

CALCUTTA OFFICE:
34A & B.
SASHI BHUSAN DEY STREET

PRESIDENT:
Dr. B. C. ROY

GENERAL SECRETARY
ATULANANDA CHAKRAVARTY

Write for particulars
City Enquiry:-
THE CALCUTTA NATIONAL BANK LTD.

ECONOMICS AND GOODWILL

A proverb puts the querry: What is an eternal triangle? And it is answered: A man, his wife and his wages. On a larger social plane the triangle is represented by capital (financial and industrial), labour and the docile buyer, who, unenviably, however, forms the base of the triangle. To resolve the deadlock in their relations, it is necessary to set up a Board of Control representing the Government and the people and these three interests. This will be but the machinery of adjustment. But there, again, the machinery will ill work if the human elements driving it are not in their various proportions motivated by service and goodwill. And if things are not shaped in this direction, if the human aspects are not emphasized, and everything is sought to be solved by mechanical devices, Pandit Nehru's cry for co-operation between capital and labour will be a cry in the wilderness, and even though India may produce goods, she will fail to produce good.

On the one hand, there are the financial marauders and, on the other, the never-to-be-satisfied wage-earners, and between them are squeezed the helpless consumers. The trouble will not cease until they have goodwill at heart and work in a spirit of service to maintain the social equilibrium and to build a total prosperity on the foundation of universal peace.

There is another point that deserves most serious attention. It is not production of commodities that alone keeps a nation going up. We have been exclusively busy with humouring the labour. They are after all doing something and getting something, while there is a huge body of men and women who have nothing whatever to do, no opportunity to make them useful to themselves and to the nation to which they belong, and no taste of the joy of life. And the percentage of the unemployed is incomparably larger than the labour who appear to monopolise all our affection, partly because they have the means of being vocal and acquiring, at times, nuisance value and partly because they constitute the head-ache of the big business who, in the Clive Street manner, control our destiny. But it is time that we realised that if the vast majority of the unemployed find no useful place in the frame of free India, if the greater part of our human power is not rendered creative and productive, then mere production of factory commodities will not give us peaceful progress. In fact, our progress will then all of a sudden sustain a tragic crash. The Government and our leaders, must immediately take up the problem of the unemployed, just as well as they are making efforts at meeting the reasonable grievances of the labour and gearing up the production of the industrial wealth of the country.

ARE U. LONELY?

Do You want friends? Have Pen and personal friends for entertainment, employment. Exchange of thoughts, etc. Apply for prospectus with As. 2 stamps to:—
SECRETARY
East & West Introduction Bureau,
Tondiarpet Madras-21.

NO LICENCE NEEDED

American Model REVOLVER

PROTECT YOUR LIFE, PROPERTY & HONOUR FROM THE ONSLAUGHTS OF RUFFIANS AND WILD BEASTS.

At home, picnic or travels, this sturdy and dainty revolver will always prove your best and reliant friend. Fitted with automatic revolving disc of 6 shots, it favourably compares with genuine American made pistol. It weighs about 15 ozs commanding a length of 9", emitting a terrible explosive sound and spitting dazzling streaks of fire. Order one today and never be without this inexpensive body guard.

Price with shots
Quality No. 222 333 444
Rs. 6/8 7/8 8/8 each.

Extra 4 dos shots Re. 4/8/-, Leather belt with pistol case. Re. 1/- each. Lubricating oil Re. 1/- per phial.

WILSON TRADING CORPORATION
P. B. 247, CAWNPORE (U. P.)

CITY & SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Jeth Vad 1, 2004.
Muslim: Sabaan 14, 1367.
Parsi: Deh 23, 1317.
Sunrise: 6-02 a.m. Sunset: 19-19 p.m.
Hightide: —, 13-06.
Lowtide: 06-04, 19-14.

To-day's Engagements

SHERIFF'S PUBLIC MEETING to give expression to feelings of sorrow at the death of Sir Homi Mehta, K.O.I.E., K.B.E., at the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall, at 6-30 p.m. (S. T.), today.

ARYA SAMAJ: Mahatma Atmaram Jayanti will be celebrated at the Arya Samaj (Fort) under the auspices of the Arya Samajists of Bombay today (Tuesday), at 7 p.m.

SO-ED CLUB: Meeting today (Tuesday), at Central Y. M. C. A. Wodehouse Road, at 9 p.m. Dr. C. R. Mande, Asst. Editor, "Illustrated Weekly of India" will speak on "Short Story Writing!"

ROTARY CLUB OF BOMBAY: Meeting today (Tuesday), at 1-45 p.m., at Green's Hotel. Rotarian E. J. C. Herring, will speak on 'Boulder Dam'.

SOCIALIST PARTY (BOMBAY): Public Meeting at Vanmali Hall, Dadar, today, at 9 p.m. Mr. Asok Mehta, will speak on Hyderabad Problem.

A. I. S. A. KHADI BHANDAR: A. I. S. A. Khadi Bhandar, Kalbadevi and Bombay Upanagar Jilla Gramodhyog Sangh will remain closed from Saturday, 26th June to Tuesday, 29th June, on account of Annual stock-taking.

Backward Class Students' Hostel

The Hon. General Secretary writes: Applications are invited from poor and deserving Backward Class students studying in colleges and technical institutions for admission to the depressed Classes Mission Society's hostel at Parel, Bhoiwada. The hostel opens on July 1. Apply to the Superintendent on or before June 26.

Congress Seva Dal Training

Under the auspices of the Congress Seva Dal, volunteers Primary training classes in "D" Ward will commence on Wednesday (tomorrow), at 8-30 p.m., at the Congress House. Shri C. B. Marashabde, President of the Girgaum Dist. Congress Committee will inaugurate and address the cadets.

Volunteers of the Congress Seva Dal in "D" Ward desiring to join these classes are hereby informed to register their names in the office of the Seva Dal, if they have not done so.

Radio

BOMBAY, Tuesday, June 22.
(244 m. (1231 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. Indumati Chaubal 7-40 News (M) 7-50 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Indumati Chaubal 8-45 Jagannathbuwa Purohit 12-0 p.m. Akashvanine Chotare 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Gurjar Geeto 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Josephinebradley & Her Orchestra 2-0 Renara 2-15 Joe Loss and His Orchestra 4-20 School Broadcasts 4-25 Recording of Talk (M) by Hon. Mr. N. V. Gadgil, on India's Freedom Movement (244 & 41.44 m.) 5-0 V. K. Pradhan 5-15 Tarabai Gadagkar 5-45 News (K) 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-15 Mohan Advani 6-30 R. D. Nigoshkar 7-0 Topic of the Day 7-10 Locals 7-15 Rasiklal Veen 7-30 Ya Mahinyateel Arthic Ghadamodi 7-45 Arsi 8-0 News (M) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 V. K. Pradhan 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 B. B. C. News Relay 9-40 Musical Prelude 9-45 Controlled Economy for India (Talk in English by Prof. C. Li. Gheewalla) 10-0 The Dorian Quartet with Madam Lucena.

VARIATIONS.
41.44 m. (7,240 kc/s).
7-40 a.m. Vocal Variety 5-45 p.m. Rajendra Sharma 6-15 Calling Rural Listeners.

61.48 m. (4,880 kc/s).
7-45 p.m. Commercial News 8-0 Rasiklal Veen 8-15 Mohan Advani 9-0 R. D. Nigoshkar 9-30 Bhavgeet 10-0 Tarabai Gadagkar 10-30 Jagannathbuwa Purohit.

ADVANCE BOOKING COMMENCES FROM TOMORROW

Produced by:
Kidar Sharma & M. C. Varma
From FRIDAY NEXT

EXCELSIOR
(PLANS OPEN)
LAMINGTON
Ad. Booking:
10 to 11-30 & 4-30 to 6.

CHITRA Booking as usual
(VARMA FILMS' Release)

3rd WEEK!
JAMUNA Productions'
CAON
KARAN DEWAN, INDU
Daily 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 Sun. 12-30
CENTRAL

Mr. V. R. Amberkar, Bombay Artist who was elected one of the Joint Honorary Secretaries of the All-India Association of Fine Arts.

INDIA'S FIGHTING SERVICES

Change In Names Of Three Chiefs

NEW DELHI, June 21.
The Government have decided to change the names of the Heads of the three Fighting Services.

Before August 15, 1947, the three Services, the Navy, the Army and the Air Force were under the Command of the Commander-in-Chief in India. Since that date, the head of each Service has been independent of the other and has been known respectively as the Flag Officer Commanding, Royal Indian Navy, the Commander-in-Chief, Indian Army, and Air Marshal Commanding, Royal Indian Air Force.

For the sake of uniformity, the Government has now decided to change their designations and hereafter, they will be known as Chief of Naval Staff and Commander-in-Chief, Royal Indian Navy, Chief of the Army Staff and Commander-in-Chief, Indian Army, and Chief of the Air Staff and Commander-in-Chief, Royal Indian Air Force.

The decision comes into effect from today.

First Flight Stamps Re-Delivered In India

BOMBAY, June 21.
Appproximately 9,700 first-flight philatelic envelopes, out of more than 48,000 carried by the "Malabar Princess" in her inaugural flight, have been brought back for re-delivery in different parts of India as desired by the senders. Special arrangements were made by the Philatelic Bureau-G.P.O., Bombay, with the Cairo, Geneva and London Post Offices in this respect.

The total weight of mails carried in the first flight of the "Malabar Princess" was 1,678 lbs. which included mails posted at various centres throughout India. By the return inaugural flight, the plane brought back 468 lbs. of mails from London and 71 lbs. from Geneva for various centres in the country.

Prohibited Food Service Order R vised

By its Order issued on January 24, 1947, the Government of Bombay has already prohibited service or distribution of foodgrains, eatables, milk and any beverage other than tea and coffee in which milk is used, to twenty-five or more persons at any function in Greater Bombay.

A revised order has now been issued by the Government which comes into force with effect from June 22, 1948, and according to which not only is service or distribution as above prohibited, but the acceptance of food by a person in the company of others, if the total number of such persons exceeds twenty-four has been made penal. The preparation of food for consumption by more than twenty-four persons in connection with a function has also been made an offence under the new order. The revised order is being published in the Bombay Government Gazette Extra Ordinary, dated the 22nd June 1948.

NIRA DEPOTS IN CITY CLOSED FOR MONSOON

With the advent of monsoon, the Nira season has ended and the Nira centres and depots in the Province have been temporarily closed. The Nira centres and depots will re-open in October 1948 when the Nira season begins.

The recent announcement of the Provincial Prohibition Board, Bombay, regarding the grant of a reward of Rs. 10,000 for an effective preservative for Nira in place of lime has led some to believe that lime is no preservative and that it is injurious to human health. For the information of the public, it may be stated that no chemical other than lime as a suitable preservative for nira, has so far been found out.

The only drawback in lime is that the jaggery prepared out of limed nira obtains a dark colour and the limed nira leaves at the bottom a residue, which has to be thrown away, as waste. To de-lime nira, more chemicals need be used, but these change its taste.

Since Science is progressing, opportunities must be given to scientists and others with a view to discovering cheaper and more effective preservatives and thus helping the food problem and the utility of the available national wealth. It is for this reason that the Government has announced the reward.

WEATHER

WIDESPREAD RAINFALL

POONA, June 21. (A. P. I.): Following is the weather summary for Monday the 21st June, 1948:—

Observations from Pakistan, central parts of the country, United Provinces and North-East India are lacking. Monsoon has been strong in Malabar where widespread and locally very heavy rain has fallen. Rainfall has also been Widespread in Orissa and local in Gangetic West Bengal, the Central Provinces, the Konkan and North-West Hyderabad. A few falls or rain are also reported from Chota Nagpur and East Gujarat. Dust or thunderstorms have occurred locally in the East Punjab and West United Provinces and at a few stations in the east United Provinces.

Day temperatures were appreciably above normal in the South-East Punjab, the United Provinces and in and near the south-east Central Provinces.

FORECAST UNTIL THE EVENING OF 22ND JUNE. The monsoon may slightly strengthen in the Konkan. Rainfall will be widespread in Assam, West Bengal, the Konkan and Malabar and local in eastern Pakistan, Orissa, Chota Nagpur and Bihar. A few falls or rain may occur in the north-west Hyderabad, Mysore and south-east Madras. Scattered thunderstorms or dust-storms are expected in the east Punjab and the United Provinces.

HEAVY RAINFALL WARNING:—Locally heavy rain is likely in Assam and along the west coast between Ratnagiri and Calicut during the next 48 hours.

WEATHER CHART

POONA, June 21. (A. P. I.): Following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours from 1st June 1948 and departure from normal recorded at 08-00 hours (I. S. T.) on 21st June, 1948:

BOMBAY 88 79 0 7.3 minus 5.2, Calcutta 87 75 0.1 6.4 minus 0.9, Colombo 84 73 2.3 9.4 plus 2.2, Cuttack 96 76 0.3 2.8 minus 3.2, Delhi 105 79 T 0.2 minus 1.2, Lucknow 106 86 0 0.1 minus 2.0, Madras 102 85 0.1 0.2 minus 1.1, Nagpur 100 78 0.3 0.6 minus 5.0, Poona 89 73 0 4.4 plus 1.0, Shillong 74 64 T 19.3 plus 4.9.

GANDHI MEMORIAL FUND

Move To Speed Up Collection In Maharashtra

BOMBAY, June 21.
Plans for speeding up collections for the Mahatma Gandhi National Memorial Fund in Maharashtra were discussed by Mr. Shankerrao Deo the General Secretary of the Congress when he called on Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier of Bombay, at the Secretariat this afternoon.

It is understood that during the discussions which lasted about an hour and a half, the progress made in the work of the collections for the Fund in the Province so far, was reviewed and plans for realising the target figure Rs. 1 crore, during the stipulated period discussed.

Mr. T. R. Deogirikar, the Secretary of the Committee, appointed by the Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee for the purpose, accompanied Mr. Deo and was present during the discussions.

Mr. Deo who returned here from his tour of Southern Maharashtra comprising the Deccan States which merged with the Province recently, left for Delhi by air this evening.

Handicraft To Be Taught In First Standard For English

BOMBAY, June 21.
It is understood that the Government of Bombay have issued a circular to heads of all schools in the province asking them to substitute instruction in some handicrafts in first standards in place of English which has been abolished in that standard with effect from the current accademic year starting from today.

The Government have made it clear, it is learnt, that the teaching of handicraft in place of English would be voluntary this year, but from next year it was intended to be compulsory.:

Revised Prices For Steam Coal In Ahmednagar

The Government of Bombay has issued a Notification revising the wholesale and retail prices of Steam coal, Hard Coke and Steam Coal dust in the Ahmednagar District in supersession of the Steam Coal, Hard Coke and soft Coke Price Control Order 1946, issued by the District Magistrate and Controller of Prices, Ahmednagar, and the Hard Coke Price Control Order, 1947, extending to the Belapur and Kopargaon talukas of the Ahmednagar District.

The revised prices of Steam Coal are Rs. 44 per ton, wholesale and Rs. 2-8-0 per cwt. retail. The revised prices of Hard Coke of all varieties except coke Breeze (Below 1'2") are Rs. 66-12-0 per ton wholesale and Rs. 3-10-0 per cwt. retail, if the ash contents do not exceed 24 per cent. If the ash contents exceed 24 per cent. but not 30 per cent. the revised prices are Rs. 60-12-0 per ton, wholesale and Rs. 3-4-0 per cwt. retail. The prices of Coke Breeze (Below 1/2") are Rs. 28-8-0 per ton wholesale, and Rs. 1-8-0 per cwt. retail.

The revised prices come into force immediately.

Government Of India Scholarships

Applications have been invited for the Government of India Scholarships (1948-49) to the students belonging to Aboriginal and Hill Tribes in the Dominion of India, who wish to pursue, their courses of study beyond the Matriculation stage in India.

The applications are to be forwarded to the Secretary, Aboriginal and Hill Tribes Scholarships Board, Ministry of Education, Government of India, New Delhi, 3, before June 30, 1948.

POLICE OPEN FIRE AT ANDHERI

BOMBAY, Monday.
Police opened fire on the workers of Sahu Rubber Works at Andheri this morning.

It is stated that as a result of the arrest of one of the workers yesterday the colleagues of the arrested person staged a demonstration. The police asked them to disperse whereupon the workers are said to have marched to the police station. As they were unruly and refused to disperse it is stated the police made a lathi charge and later fired two rounds.

Nobody was injured as a result of firing but a number of workers injured as a result of lathi charge as also due to the pelting of stones by the workers.

TARIFF BOARD AND 'ZARI' INDUSTRY

BOMBAY, June 21 (API)—The Indian Tariff Board's public inquiry into the question of continuation of protection at present enjoyed by the silver thread and wire industry will be held on June 23 and 24.

Burma Rice Arrives In Bombay

BOMBAY, June 21 (API)—The "Dallington Court", with 9,340 tons of rice from Burma, arrived in Bombay today.

Another food ship, the 'Kuzwani' with 6,752 tons of Egyptian rice, also arrived in the harbour during the week-end.

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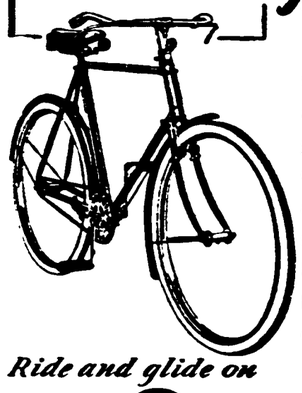

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The Bombay Chronicle

"The world has no room for cowards. We must all be ready somehow to toil, to suffer, to die. And yours is not less noble because no drum beats before you when you go out into your daily battlefields, and no crowds shout your coming when you return from your daily victory or defeat".

R. L. STEVENSON.

EXPANDING WORLD

His Excellency Sri C. Rajagopalachari appealed in his first speech on assuming the Governor-Generalship for unity and a wider outlook. It was utter folly, he said, to quarrel amongst ourselves. Communal and provincial isolationism had to give place to service of the whole State. In other words, Rajaji asked for a widening horizon. Particularly significant were his words, "The days of dynastic rule or domination through force are gone in India". They cover the entire field of present-day conflicts. There is nothing new in what Rajaji has told us. Every Indian is conscious of the need for unity and the folly of division. But the least excuse is sufficient to occasion dispute and bitter controversy. For more than the curse of dissension is the bigger evil of importing acrimony into public differences. Discipline and tolerance are qualities essential for the very existence of nationalism in a country rich in variety; without them, variety is a liability and a source of endless chaos. The days of force are ended but the days of understanding and sympathy have not succeeded them. And, despite Rajaji, there is every danger of force returning—if not in the disciplined manner of governmental force then inevitably in the form of mob violence and anarchy. Really speaking, it is necessary for a candid recognition of the fact that we are passing through a transition period and that we are today more in a state of education for Democracy than in Democracy itself. In every public action, we reveal this conviction. In politics, the public has to be "guarded" from the danger of attractive but ruinous theories and of persuasive speakers and demagogues. In industry, the worker has to be assisted by non-workers to gain their rights from employers. In social life, recriminations are exchanged between Governments and their public charging one another with not doing enough. And yet, no one has the courage to state clearly that the people have much to learn before they can be expected to look after themselves. The most candid of publicists cowers before the ballot-box; and the conflict deepens between profession and practice. It is time that the realities of the situation are faced and the process of education for Democracy taken on hand without any elaborate gilding of the pill. It is a cause to the service of which every instrument of propaganda must be pressed—the radio, the cinema and the written word. Only thus can the foundations of a healthy nation be well and truly laid. The schemes of Social Education enunciated in several provinces and at the Centre are a move in the right direction. India looks to Rajaji to see these schemes pressed forward with greater vigour. In the interest evoked by implementation of a constructive programme, the dissensions that trouble us today will disappear.

The happiness of the people and the good name of the country—These, said Rajaji, were the sole interest of the Ministers, and he would tender them all the assistance he could. He realised that for this good relations with neighbouring countries was essential and he made special mention of the Indo-Pakistan question. The cultivation of good relations, however, is dependent not on India alone but also on Pakistan. And it will be no easy task to eradicate suspicions deliberately fostered by a government which finds it a comfortable way to evade responsibility. Rajaji disclaimed modestly any special experience in arms or in diplomacy. This should be an asset rather than liability since the sphere of diplomacy has been fully explored and it is not advisable to consider the other alternative yet.

Rajaji's first speech bears promise of satisfying the expectations of his people. The new era that opens, is one of constructive work, less spectacular than the one that preceded it; but in every way full of importance to the country and the people. Diplomatic achievements are personal triumphs, reflecting glory on the successful individual and dependent largely on individual effort and tact. Often they are of doubtful value. Rajaji said that the days of force are ended. He might have added that the days of diplomacy are fast vanishing too. In fact, diplomacy has proved ineffectual in at least one case—Hyderabad. Constructive work depends wholly on the co-operation of the people and it is for that reason lasting and of permanent value. It is to this stage that India now passes. To be head of state at such a time is an honour but it is also a great responsibility, and there are few who have won that place so deservedly as Rajaji.

There is another point which must not be overlooked: The Union is the India which Rajaji first among Indian politicians visualised as far back as 1942. Therefore, it is but natural that the problems that "have multiplied beyond expectation", are less fearful and unexpected for him than they would be for others who had clung till the last to the concept of a United India. Rajaji is now called upon to guide the ship of state and to show in practice that his conception of a partitioned India was not a merely academic notion. That he has for the first ten months stood aloof from the Government at Delhi, is in many ways more an advantage than a loss. The architect of india divided is now given the task of putting into effect his blueprint.

Art Conference

The third All-India Art Conference, which held its two days' session in this city and which was inaugurated by Mr. B. G. Kher, the Premier, proved to be a successful undertaking of the All-India Association of Fine Arts. The delegates who participated in the deliberations represented various art institutions and interests in the country. A welcome feature was the spirit of unity and co-operation displayed by them throughout the session. The resolutions adopted by the conference deal with some of the important subjects which are related to the reorganisation and promotion of art. The emergence of the Association and the conference should be taken as a spontaneous response of the art world to the initiative taken by the Central and Provincial Governments in the matter of reorganising Indian Arts and Crafts. It should also be taken as an assurance of co-operation from artists all over the country.

An independent central body serving as a link between the Government and the art world and co-ordinating the activities of the several institutions scattered all over the country was urgently needed in order to ensure the progress of the art movement on systematic lines. And the All-India Association of Fine Arts has emerged at the right moment. In Bombay, a representative executive committee has been formed and the association has gained in strength and influence in the form of membership and has, thus, received a strong stimulus to proceed with its work as a central body. The organisation of an independent institution like this association is evidence of the realisation by the art world of the supreme need for concerted effort and also of the acceptance by it of the fact that monopoly of leadership in art in the hands of a coterie or group is repugnant to the spirit of democracy.

Mr. Kher, in his inaugural address, observed that it is precisely in mobilising and bringing together scattered art lovers all over the country and binding them into a dynamic fraternity that an Association, which has come into existence, can play a valuable part. In fact, the Association of Fine Arts has been founded with the object of mobilising art activities and bringing them together on a single platform. Mr. Kher told the conference that "art is a most vital and valuable element in the educational pattern" and made particular references to the recommendations of the Art Committee appointed by the Government of Bombay in 1946. These recommendations, he said, "have been considered by the relevant Boards and are now receiving the earnest consideration of the Government".

What we would like to know is what measures the Government has taken where direct decisions are possible without reference to any Board. We refer to the case of the Sir J. J. School of Art. The Art Committee did make certain positive recommendations for the re-organisation, expansion and development of the school. The Government could have acted on these reccmmendations promptly especially when the recommendations made by the committee are unanimous. But there was nothing in Mr. Kher's speech to suggest that his Government has taken any steps on them or that early action is contemplated. Mr. Kher, however, made the encouraging announcement that the Government has provided, as a part of its Post-War Educational Development Plan, a sum of about twenty-one lakhs of rupees for arts and music education and cultural activities in general. We suggest, in this connection, that the expenditure on art should be made according to a plan and in order of priorities to be fixed after careful consideration. There can be no two opinions about the urgency of approach to the Sir J. J. School of Art and of bringing about in it the improvements suggested by the Committee.

IRAN'S DISPUTE WITH AFGHANS

By Yousof Mazandi

TEHERAN, June 6.

Sparks may fly any day on the Irano-Afghan frontier. Local press reports state that the Imperial Iranian Airforce has dispatched 17 fighter planes and two bombers to this area.

The trouble between Iran and Afghanistan started a quarter century back with the Afghan tapping of the water from the Hirmand River. The Hirmand, after flowing through Afghanistan, provides the main water supply of Iran's province of Sistan. Every time Afghan peasants dam this river, there is a famine in Sistan.

Following years of negotiations with their concomitant border incidents, Iran's Iron-dictator, Reza Shan Pahlavi, thought it wouldn't be a bad idea to have a show-down: crack cavalry units were dispatched to the common frontier and ordered to "act, if necessary". At this stage the Afghans evinced their preparedness "to come to a final understanding regarding the River". A tete-a-tete between the representatives of both governments resulted in the signing of a protocol, whereby the Afghans agreed not to dam the Hirmand River or tap it to any appreciable extent near the Persian frontier, so that an adequate flow to Iran could be maintained.

The Majlis, or Persian Parliament, ratified this agreement but when it was the turn of the Afghans, their legislature became signature-shy.

About this time, Anglo-Soviet forces entered Iran in order to establish a land link between Russia and her Western Allies, and Reza Shah was forced to abdicate (1941).

Treaty Conflict

Of course, up to then the problem for Persians in Sistan had not assumed really major proportions: the Hirmand always brought "some" water to the parched plains of Sistan. The denouncement occurred some months back when Persians got wind of Afghan construction of a canal from the River Hirmand to the interior of Afghanistan at a point near the Persian frontier. Realising that once this construction was completed, Sistan would be rendered a veritable desert, the Persian Authorities reminded the Afghans of their treaty with Iran, which the Iranian Government stated, Iran's Parliament had already ratified. To this the Afghans rejoined that since "their" Parliament had not yet blessed the agreement, it could not be considered legal and binding.

The Afghans are now going full speed ahead with the construction of their canal with the assistance of foreign engineers, the Iranian Foreign Office has warned them that this disregard of good-neighbourly and international obligations" can hardly brew them any good.

The Wolf And The Lamb

This week the "Afghans" sent the Iranian Government a note of protest! They charged the Persian Government with sponsoring attacks against the Afghans in the Persian press, and even with instigating a movement in Iran aimed at reinstituting ex-king Amanollah Khan of Afghanistan as monarch in his country from which he was expelled in the middle twenties while attempting to do away with the veil there. The Afghan Government threatened that if this continued, they would retaliate by supporting the son of ex-Shah Ahmed of Iran, whose throne had been usurped by Reza Shah!

This last Afghan note has convinced Persians that Afghanistan has no desire to settle the Hirmand dispute in Iran's favour.

Week In Parliament

THE COMING DEBATE ON MARSHALL AID

Reforming Electorates To Be Contested

(By Ernest Atkinson)

LONDON, (By Cable).

Parliament is eager for its promised opportunity to debate the bilateral agreement with the United States of America under which the country is to receive Marshall Aid. The timetable of the negotiations in Washington may not allow of the debates being held until next week.

On what Government spokesmen have said, the Government is obviously counting on being able to have the debate before July 3, which is the last day on which the agreement can be signed unless there is to be a hold-up of the aid — and that would mean equally that it hopes that the negotiations will be ended a week or even more before that so that the terms can be published and the M.P.s have a reasonable time in which to study them before they debate them. That makes the schedule very tight. And it was being understood in the lobbies that the Government would be ready to make any reasonable rearrangement of the Parliamentary programme so as to get the debate at the most convenient time.

LITTLE DISPUTE

The actual date will depend on the course of the negotiations in Washington whenever it comes, the debate will be of first-class importance. There is very little dispute anywhere in political or economic circles that the United Kingdom needs Marshall Aid and ought to accept it and that she ought to accept reasonable conditions for it. Those terms will make the substance of the debate, Official quarters are still reticent about them while the negotiations go on.

Section 115 (B) of the United States Economic Co-operation Act, lists the chief headings for an agreement as follows: promoting production, taking financial and monetary measures to stabilise currency and maintain valid exchange rates, co-operating with others to increase trade, helping the United States in stock-piling, using local currency proceeds of the sale of Marshall Plan imports for internal financial and monetary stabilisation and other purposes, publishing the reports of the work under the ERP and so on.

With this big debate in the offing, Parliament has rather a humdrum week ahead. The Finance Bill with which Sir Stafford Cripps, as Chancellor of the Exchequer, continues his fight against inflation is at last reaching its final stages in the Commons. Its report stage comes on Monday and Tuesday (June 21 and 22) and its third reading on Friday (June 25). Thereafter it goes to the Lords, whose concern with it is little more than formal.

ANTI-INFLATIONARY POLICY

Parliament would be entitled to feel that it could leave financial matters for the time being with an easy conscience. For it has worked hard on them since the Chancellor introduced his Budget on April 6.

But the topic, in one aspect or another, is unlikely to be dropped. The anti-inflationary policy is seen to be taking effect. And some members of Parliament have been asking already if it has not gone far enough.

M. P.s who think and speak realistically about these matters have been saying all along that for Britain to work her way out of her economic difficulties she must be prepared for some people and some industries to get hurt as her effort is concentrated on the most essential things. And Government—as Sir Stafford Cripps may find an occasion during the week to remind Parliament — will hold to its course.

During the week there may be a debate in the Commons on the coal industry. But since it is likely that during the next few weeks the House will want to debate the progress of the industry under nationalisation on the basis of the first annual report of the National Coal Board, the earlier debate may be put off and some more urgent topic substituted.

Wednesday (June 23) is to be given to the last stage in the Commons on the Representation of the People Bill which alters the shape of many constituencies to bring them into line with the post-war population changes and makes a significant change in electoral law.

MORRISON VS. CHURCHILL

There have been heated debates. Wednesday's may turn out to be the hottest of all. For Mr. Winston Churchill is to move the rejection of the Bill even at this late stage when Parliament has worked long on it. The Opposition's charge is that the Government has broken faith in not following out the recommendations of the Speaker's conference on which members of all the Parties sat. In particular, says the Opposition, the Government should not have departed from those recommendations by proposing to abolish the special representation in Parliament of the universities and of the City of London.

Mr. Herbert Morrison, Lord President of the Council, and Mr. Chuter Ede, Home Secretary, who will defend the Government against these charges are a shrewd couple to run in double harness on an occasion like this.

Mr. Churchill and Mr. Morrison may be relied upon to extract the subtleties of constitutional practice and party manoeuvre from the occasion and to flavour their debate with some lively duels. Mr. Ede, dry of humour, quick of wit, and an unruffled debater, with an integrity that makes all parties respect him, will supply the basis of fact for it all. On this Bill the future composition of the House of Commons depends. It will be a good debate. For the House, like many people in it and outside it, likes talking about itself.

"WE SHALL DO NOTHING TO PROVOKE WAR"

Green's "Keynote" Address At Republican Convention

PHILADELPHIA, June 21 (Reuter) : Mr. Dwight H. Green, Republican Governor of Illinois, giving the "keynote" address at the Republican convention here said: "We shall do nothing to provoke war. Rather, we shall make in this convention a real covenant for peace".

The Republicans were "not going back to any yesterday. All our yesterdays have taught us that we have a duty to tomorrow".

Governor Green said that the United States had "a right to expect a real return in peace and security" for Marshall Aid to Europe.

Congress had voted "because it believes the free nations of the world can grow in strength and unity, so that they can defend and support themselves.

"We cannot permanently support the world. Our task is to put it on its feet and not on our back".

"The young men who won the war and their younger brothers face a new call to arms", Mr. Green said.

WHERE NEW DEAL DIPLOMACY FAILED

"New Deal diplomacy threw away victory before our fighters had won it. It permitted the Russians to take Berlin.

"At Teheran and Yalta one New Deal President agreed to Russia's domination of Poland and much of China. At Potsdam another New Deal President confirmed the Soviet's domination of the satellite countries.

"Their futile policy of appeasement set back the clock of Polish freedom two centuries and paved the way for the destruction of Czechoslovakia.

"The cold war we faced today is the lusty child of the New Deal's rendesvous with Communism", Mr. Green added.

DELHI BAN ON FOOD HAWKERS

NEW DELHI, June 21, (API): The District Magistrate, Delhi has prohibited for a month from today the sale of all cooked foodstuffs, sweet meats, ice cream, fruits, sugarcane juice; milk and other milk preparations, tea and coffee, in all public places in the entire area of New Delhi municipality, and in certain places in Old Delhi by vendors who are not in possession of allotment cards or licences by the respective municipalities.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT

WAZIERS, Via Paris, June 20, (U. P.A.): Maurice Thorez, French Communist Party Secretary-General, today termed the London agreement on Germany a "new Munich" and said it meant the sacrifice of security and reparations right for France.

* * *

One of the few sentences which Lord Mountbatten uttered at the Delhi civic reception before speaking in English was the apologetic "Main Hindi nahin janta hun."

He might have got the Information Department people to try Hindustani for him.

* * *

Janab Madras, Mohammed Ismail Sahib Bahadur, Muslim League High Commissioner in India, has greeted Rajaji "on the eve of your assuming supreme position in our motherland."

"Motherland" so long, of course, as he does not, for instance, follow Janab Madras Abdus Sattar Seit as representative of the Pakistan motherland abroad.

* * *

Dr. L. K. Hyder who led his country's delegation has explained at Karachi that the Pakistan point of view on the issue of foreign capital loans at the Ooty Conference was neither against nor in favour.

As is usual with Pakistan's points of view.

* * *

But, Dr. Hyder added, Pakistan would welcome any foreign loan on purely a "commercial basis.

With Pakistan's point of view about the definition of pure "commercial basis" remaining neither against nor in favour?

* * *

Apropos of Indonesia's application for admission to the Ooty session of ECAFE, Dr. Hyder said its case was not lost and hoped that better sense would prevail at the next session.

Provided in the meantime some fair and honest sense prevails with the Security Council otherwise there would be little need for better sense at the next ECAFE session since there might be no Indonesia then.

* * *

The United Nations have, says a Lake Success report, been officially informed that three U S. destroyers and one French corvette are being made available at once to Count Bernadotte.

Let us earnestly hope that two of those three destroyers do not—er—disappear with, shall we say, their 'Jewish" crews.

*

It appears from an Istanbul report that a raid was made by an armed band on a Turkish village on the Bulgarian frontier.

Is it a casual, a tentative or the real beginning?

* * *

In his latest speech General de Gaulle refers contemptuously to the French Parliamentary majority "which every body knows only represents a weak minority in the country, risking the whole destiny of France by its attitude to Germany."

It should evidently save the whole destiny of France by changing its present pro-Anglo-American anti-Soviet attitude to Germany to a pro-Soviet anti-Anglo-American attitude to Germany.

*

By the way, General de Gaulle has paid a tribute to "Marshall Petain"—thereby re-instating him as a Marshall of France—who, it now appears, was, in his World War II mistakes, really a victim of post-War I illusions of Britain and America.

We were wondering when General de Gaulle would start returning to Petain.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Kashmir Commission's Worry

Members of the U. N. Kashmir Commission are apparently up against yet another difficulty. Until at least a few days ago they were confronted with the problem of deciding whether they should rush to this sub-continent by a specially chartered plane or resort to a more modest means of travelling and arriving. If this indecision was indicative of a sober realisation of the exact significance and importance—which are not what the Security Council pretends to believe—of the Commission to the Kashmir conflict and the issues involved, the members are to be commended for their commonsense. They can come but they cannot function as they are ostensibly intended to do. But they can, if they so choose, have an interesting time of it watching and investigating.

Foolish Strategy

And they would certainly find interesting things to "report" to the Security Council. For instance, the opposite party is, for reason of its own, trying to develop an exciting situation on the Kashmir front. Recently there were reports, authoritatively confirmed by India's Prime Minister, that regular Pakistan troops had now openly entered the battle for Kashmir. Equally noteworthy is the fact that the invaders have tried, in the last few days, even though ineffectually, to increase and intensify their activities in every sector from Laddakh to Jammu. What reasons of strategy and optimism have impelled the raiders and their principals to these attempts at aggressiveness and to open appearance of regular Pakistan troops we do not know. Is it by any chance possible that they very foolishly hoped for decisive advantages in the Kashmir battle from Indian preoccupations with the Hyderabad issue fondly expecting that a crisis precipitated in Hyderabad would somehow weaken India in Kashmir? If that is so the political geniuses and bright strategists made a very grievous mistake, which should already be obvious to them. They cannot win the battle of Kashmir by such delusions, or, for that matter by any method, military or political. But in the meantime they are unwittingly but certainly providing the U. N. Kashmir Commission with more confirmation of India's charge against Pakistan. Seeking to injure India, they are to that extent rendering it a substantial service.

Condominium Ignored

The British need the Sudan for their imperial, economic and strategic reasons. They must maintain their own special connection with it at any cost. That is the blunt truth and the explanation of their attitude towards Egypt's stake in the Sudan. But that, of course, can no more justify their efforts to preserve and further strengthen their dominating position in that part of the Nile Valley than they would have been justified in seeking to remain in Egypt itself. Nor do the advantages they hold entitle them in any way to ignore the terms and conditions of the Anglo-Egyptian condominium relating to Sudan. If the condominium provides for the enforcement of any legislation, good or bad, in the Sudan only with the joint consent of Britain and Egypt no unilateral legislation can be valid and certainly no legislation rejected by one of the two parties to the candominium. Egypt, therefore, is quite right in refusing to recognise the new scheme of what the British claim to be Legislative and Executive reforms for the Sudan. And Egypt would be right in taking the matter to a higher court.

Human Rights

The U.N. Commission on Human Rights, under the chairmanship of Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt has completed its work after over two years' labour The draft international declaration was approved by 12 nations, the Soviet group abstaining because according to the Russian Pavlov the declaration was weak and ineffective and because it contained provisions which seemed designed to interfere with the sovereign rights of States. The two objections appear to conflict. As a matter of fact, the proof of the pudding is in the eating and more will depend on the way the declaration is implemented than on its actual contents. As representing the common measure of agreement between the nations, the declaration goes so far as to raise doubts of intention to give effect to its provisions; it would be a good beginning if this minimum could at least be secured. The specific rights refer to freedom from arbitrary arrest and detention; freedom from 'unreasonable interference' with privacy, family correspondence or reputation; and freedom of movement within a state and the right to leave any country—civil liberties that are not commonly respected in all the assenting countries. It would be well to start setting each house in order before applying these tests to other houses. We trust that even before the UN considers the draft, a move in this direction will be initiated by the leading nations.

Communalism In Teashops

The Bombay Government have done well in warning hotel-keepers to cease discriminating communally in serving customers. A month's grace has been allowed and drastic action is promised. The action is a necessary one and it is to be hoped that it is but the beginning of a more stringent policy towards all manifestations of communalism, in eating-houses, sports fields, educational institutions and social clubs. It has become the fashion to condemn communalism in politics and tolerate it in social and cultural activities. This is meaningless. Communalism once tolerated in one sphere of life will soon spread over every other, and it is folly to hope for success in segregating it from politics. The most insidious form of communalism is that which professes to work for nationalism in exclusive societies. It is time now that a clean sweep was made of these erosions on national life. Wherever anyone feels the urge to give expression to his narrow prejudices, he must be warned that he cannot do it in public. The press has a great opportunity for advancing national causes. Every day we read of this or that association holding annual gatherings and special functions for some one community or the other. These notices should be denied the hospitality of the press. Unless a determined move is made, there will be nothing achieved in the way of building national unity. The Bombay Government have given a lead. There are several directions in which private enterprise can assert itself in the public interest of all.

NEW THREAT TO LONDON'S FOOD RATIONS

Thousands Of Cold Storage Workers Join Dock Strike

LONDON, June 21, (UPA): Thousands of cold storage workers and stevedores joined the London dock strike today raising a new threat to the capital's meagre food rations.

Hitherto, the week-old strike had been confined to dock workers who remove ships' cargoes from piers to warehouses. The stevedores do the actual unloading of vessels.

.. OVER 18,000 MEN IDLE ..

More than 18,000 men are now idle. Two-hundred ships in dock or anchor are awaiting unloading. 50 of them packed with food. Eight more ships are due to arrive in port today.

Defiant dock strikers at meetings at dozen of piers jeered and shouted down Union officials who sought to persuade them to return to work. The strike began over the suspension of 11 dock workers who refused to move a zinc oxide cargo unless granted extra "dirty cargo" pay.

It was estimated 1,000 cold storage workers struck during the morning forcing most of the main riverside cold storage depots to shut. The London markets draw most of their meat for Londoners, the shilling's worth of meat weekly ration, from these depots. They will now be thrown back largely on their reserves.

All stevedores in the Surrey commercial docks also struck. One-thousand others walked off the Royal docks.

CABINET TO DISCUSS SITUATION?

The Dockmen's Union of the Transport and General Workers' Union will make a supreme effort to end the strike tomorrow morning. Arthur Deakin, General Secretary of the Union, will address a mass meeting in the Royal Albert Hall. He said he intends to warn strikers that they are jeopardizing their own future.

The Cabinet also may discuss the situation tomorrow. However, arrangements already have been completed for calling out troops to move cargoes, if necessary. Reports that the Cabinet will meet today to consider the strike were denied by No. 10 Downing Street.

"RED" RAIDERS ARRESTED

Villagers Leave Communist Party And Join Congress

MADRAS, June 21 (API)— Sixty Communists, including two women, were arrested by the Indian Union police between June 7 and 10 when they raided a number of villages in Kistna District, an official Press Note stated today.

Following the surrender to the police a large number of Communists in the villages of Narasimhulugudem and Thaduvai in Kistna District the villagers of Jaggugudem, Ramapuram and Siripuram in Munagala, Kistna District, appeared before the police officer in Munagala Police Station on June 7 and declared their hatred for the Communists, the Press Note stated.

On the same day about 600 villagers of Nellamarri in Munagala marched in procession to the Munagala Police Station with Congress Flag to the accompaniment of music, and declared that they had severed their connections with the Communist Party and joined the Indian National Congress. The villagers of Ramasamudram, Nelamurri and Kolusova produced before the police looted properties such as bandies, bullocks and trunks valued about Rs. 2,000.

RAJASTHAN UNION HIGH COURT

UDAIPUR, June 21, (API): The Rajapramukh of Rajasthan, the Maharana of Udaipur will inaugurate the Rajasthan Union High Court on June 23, it is learnt.

An all-Rajasthan Industry and Mining Conference will be held at Udaipur on June 24 and 25 to consider the future development of the Union which is rich in mineral resources. Mr. M. L. Sukhadia, Development Minister, Rajasthan Union will preside over the conference.

AUSTRALIA ON TOP AGAIN AT SHEFFIELD

Yorkshire Dismissed For 206: Toshack's Deadly Bowling

AUSTRALIA 1st Innings 249

YORKSHIRE 1st Innings 206

AUSTRALIA 2nd Innings .....(for 1 wkt.) 132

SHEFFIELD, June 21 (Reuter) : Light overnight rain continued until within two hours of the start of today's play, but apart from making the wicket soft, it did not affect play which began to time. Miller bowled only one over and, after a consultation with Bradman, went off and appeared to indicate that he was troubled by his side muscles. The ball raced along in the outfield and both Hutton and Halliday sent Johnston through the covers for fours. Miller returned when the score had reached 43, but bowled only one over of off spinners, allowing Toshack and Johnston to change ends. The Miller dropped a hard change of dismissing Halliday off Johnston, but at 56 Toshack broke the stand by getting Halliday leg-before as he played forward. Johnston had four short legs and no slip in an effort to tempt Hutton into error, but later returned to the orthodox field.

Watson looked far from comfortable and did not open his score for 15 minutes and then made a dangerous stroke to leg.

Bradman almost brought off a miraculous catch from Hutton over the bowler's head running 15 yards from midoff, but getting only one hand to the ball which he just failed to hold. Hutton did not profit by this, for when again attempting to drive Toshack he was taken at extra cover. Yardley spent an uncomfortable half hour, but appeared to have held out at lunch time when, with the last ball before the interval, he was bowled by Toshack, lunch being taken with the score 107 for three with Watson (not out 20).

After shower had held up the resumption for ten minutes, a wicket fell to the second ball Watson edging a catch to the wicketkeeper. This brought Coxon and about 20,000 people gave a fine welcome to the surprise England test choice.

Lester attacked the bowling lustily and although he made several risky strokes, he caused the Australian field to open out considerably. Twice he swept Toshack to the leg boundary. Probably influenced by his bright display, the crowd did not take kindly to a stumping decision given against him at 149 and the Australians were mildly barracked.

With half their wickets left, Yorkshire were still 100 behind and the Australians quickly pressed home their advantage, Aspinall leaving at 169 and Coxon following to a slip catch two runs later.

When Smailes left 61 runs were required from the last two men for a lead on the first innings, but the last wicket fell with Yorkshire still 43 behind.

Tea was then taken.

Toshack's seven wickets for 81 runs were the reward of present good length bowling. Except when he changed ends, he sent down 40 successive overs, and generally kept the batsmen tied down to defence.

Score Board

YORKSHIRE FIRST INNINGS

Hutton c Brown b Toshack	39
Halliday l-b-w b Toshack	28
Watson c Saggers b Johnston ..	20
Yardley b Toshack	10
Lester st. Saggers b Toshack	31
Coxen c McCool b Bill Johnston	21
R. Aspinal b Toshack 11	11
Smailes c Saggers b Toshack	9
Wardle c McCool b Toshack	15
D. Brennan c Ring b Bill Johnston	6
E. Robinson (not out)	1
Extras	15
Total	206

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Miller	6	4	4	0
Bill Johnston	41	10	101	3
Toshack	40	12	81	7
Hamence	3	2	5	0

BYES: 8; LEGBYES 7.

AUSTRALIANS SECOND INNINGS

Barnes b Smailes	6
Brown (not out)	56
Bradman (not out)	66
Extras	4
Total (for 1 wkt.)	132

ART CONFERENCE IN SESSION IN BOMBAY

Delegates to the third All-India Art Conference addressed the session on Sunday. Mr. Ravishankar Raval, well-known artist is seen speaking, the presidential chair being occupied by Dr. D. G. Vyas.

INDIA'S WAR ON T. B.

(Continued from Page 1)

cular germ in an inactive form. This does not prevent them from doing strenuous work, weight-lifting, physical culture of an arduous type and even trying to be professional pugilists.

The tubercular germ is dangerous only when it becomes active. It at this stage that a person is supposed to have contracted infection. Taking the average for the cities of India, it is estimated that every year 200 out of every lakh of the population die of tuberculosis. If Bombay's population is taken as three millions, this yields the tidy figure of 6,000 deaths annually. The persons infected are five times this number—30,000.

CURE IS COSTLY

The Bhore Committee had made certain recommendations in order to check the prevalence of this dread affliction. But most of the recommendations threatened to founder on the rock of finances. To control tuberculosis and bring down its incidence to the level prevailing in Britain, for instance, India would need 500,000 beds distributed all over the country, Assuming that the equipment and maintenance of each bed costs Rs. 3,000, the amount of money needed will be beyond the wildest dreams of the Government in its present financial predicament. Realising the uneconomic nature of these recommendations, Government have now thought of immediately implementing, those aspects of the Bhore committee's recommendations, which pertain to an extensive use of the vaccine BCG.

WONDER VACCINE

BCG — it is a wonder this anti-tuberculosis vaccine which is known to the medical profession, for 28 years, has not been more extensively used than it has been so long. For ten years, after it was first evolved by the two French Scientists, Calamette and Guerin at the Pastuer institute in Paris, fierce controversy raged round it all over Europe and America, whether or not it was injurious to the human species, though experiments in the animal world had conclusively proved that it was highly beneficial. It was assumed that it must be dangerous, because, unlike the other vaccines, BCG contains living organisms. But independent experiments in the Scandinavian countries as well as in America, confirmed the results first obtained in the Pasture Institute. From the year 1930, America and all modern European countries except England, have been using BCG, as a preventive against tuberculosis, with admirable results. It has been seen that under controlled conditions, tuberculosis is seven times less in cases where BCG had been administered, than where it was not. Today there is practically no controversy about its utility, the medical profession having accepted the vaccine almost unanimously.

GOVERNMENT PROGRAMME

The Government of India, keenly alive to the urgency of controlling tuberculosis, are proceeding in the matter immediately, pitching their faith on the high efficacy and cheapness of BCG. Dr. Behjamin's immediate programme is to ask each Province to form its own committee of representatives from the Government as well as Municipal and local bodies. Each Province is being asked to set up an anti-tuberculosis Centre.

Under mass-production methods, the vaccine can be manufactured in unlimited quantities. But since it cannot be used after ten days of its making, a large number of distribution centres become absolutely necessary.

Another difficulty is the paucity of trained workers. For BCG cannot be entrusted to untrained people nor administered in a casual way. Instead of doing good it might do positive harm, if administered to a person who has already contracted the infection. The Government of India hope to make use of the existing hospitals, welfare and maternity centres to start with.

There is a tremendous urgency for trained tuberculosis workers. At present there are just 120 in all India. The minimum requirement of government is 13,000. Government, however, hope to build up this large number, from their two centres at Delhi and Madras.

The first experiments will be confined to the age group of less than 15, as this group is likely to be the least exposed.

All-India Association Of Fine Arts

BOMBAY CONFERENCE FRAMES CONSTITUTION

BOMBAY, Monday.

The three day session of the Third All-India Art Conference, which was opened by the Premier of Bombay on the 19th inst. came to a successful termination this noon. It was a strenuous session with closed meetings of the committees and the delegates in the morning and the open session in the evenings. Over fifty delegates from all over the country participated in its deliberation and a number of practical and helpful resolutions were passed at the Conference along with the framing of a constitution for the central body, the All-India Association of Fine Arts.

Among the resolutions passed at the conference were:

(1) A deputation from the All-India Association of Fine Arts should wait upon the Prime Minister of India and the Education Minister (Central Government) to acquaint them with the decisions of the Conference in order to secure their help in implementing the decisions of the Conference.

(2) That the Commerce Department should be asked to provide at the earliest opportunity more facilities for securing artists materials of which there is great shortage owing to restrictions on import licences.

(3) That the general standards of pay of art schools both private and Governmental should be adequately raised to meet the present day high cost of living.

(4) That the Executive Committee should take steps to advise the Authorities responsible for the Gandhi Memorial to erect such monuments as are becoming to the dignity of the Father of our Nation.

(5) That the Government of India be requested to take up a systematic survey, cataloguing and indexing of monuments, collection of paintings, art treasures all over the country, in order to make them easily accessible to research students and historians.

The draft constitution as framed by the All-India Art Committee was placed before the Conference and was unanimously accepted. The election of the Office bearers of this Central body was held and the following were elected:—

President: Mr. G. Venketachalam, Vice Presidents: Mr. Satoslav Roerich; Dr. Stella Kramrisch; Lady Rani Mukherji; Mr. Karl Khandalawalla and Mr. Ravishankar Raval.

An Executive Committee of twenty representing the various art societies, museums and art schools in the country was duly elected.

About forty institutions have so far affiliated, amongst which are Central Antiquities Museum, Delhi; Prince of Wales Museum, Bombay; Chitralaya, Trivandrum; Jaipur School of Arts; Academy of Fine Arts, Amritsar; Scindia School, Gwalior; Patna School of Art; Bombay Art Society, and Art Society of India Bombay.

This was presided over by Dr. D. G. Vyas.

The open session of the second day was addressed by a large number of guests, artists and critics on various aspects of art. Amongst the speakers were Mr. Mukandilal (U.P.), Dr. Nihar Ranjan Roy (Bengal), Mr. Ravishankar Raval (Gujrat), Mr. B. Sanyal (Delhi), Mr. Madhava Menon (Trivandrum) and others.

This morning a visit to Sir J. J. School of Art was arranged for the delegates and the first meeting of the newly formed Executive Committee was held.

The President, Mr. G. Venketachalam in his closing remarks observed the "Never before in recent years an art conference of such magnitude and representative character was held anywhere in India, and that the enthusiasm and the interest evinced by the delegates and the public clearly showed that real working Central Body in the interest of Indian Art and Artists has really come into being in the All India Association of Fine Arts. With the big plans that the Government of India have for the promotion and the development of Indian Art and culture by creating a National Cultural Trust, it is to be hoped that this new body will be a ready-made channel for giving practical shape to their policy."

Poonch Garrison Links Up With Jammu 'H.Q.'

INDIAN TROOPS IMPROVE POSITION ALONG INDUS & SHYOK RIVERS

NEW DELHI, June 21, (API): The Poonch garrison, so far isolated from our other bases, has been linked up with our headquarters at Jammu. The link up took place last week when an Indian army column advancing north from Rajauri reached Potha where a column from Poonch had already arrived. Thus we have an unbroken line between Jammu and Poonch.

Overcoming sporadic opposition by small bands of raiders Indian troops had captured the villages of Dheri Ki Gali, Bafhaz and Suran Koti and had cleared a ridge in the Pitha area twelve miles south east of Poonch, before contact was established between the two columns. In the last engagement at least 24 raiders were killed.

In another engagement forty raiders were killed near the Buni ridge by the Tithwal sector. On the morning of June 17 Indian army troops made a surprise attack on a raider's position in the same area killing at least 41 raiders.

Indian troops have further improved their positions along the Indus and Shyok Rivers in areas about two hundred miles from Srinagar.

Our troops have pushed back the enemy along the Indus from Khalsi (Khalatese), important on account of a bridge crossing, 51 miles north-west of Leh up to Taqmachin. Twenty enemy dead were counted in skirmishes.

Raiders trying to infiltrate towards the confluence of the Nubra and Shyok rivers north of Leh have been pushed back by local militiamen under an Indian army V.C.O. The enemy was last reported near Bingdangdo, 30 miles northwest of the confluence.

U.S. Climbs Down?

E. R. P. Aid Will Not Upset Exchange Rates

WASHINGTON, June 21 (U.P.I.) : The United States Government dropped from the proposed E.R.P. agreements provisions regarding exchange rates, to which Britain, France and other European countries strongly objected, it was learned here today

NEW GOVERNOR OF BENGAL

CALCUTTA, June 21, (A. P. I.): His Excellency Dr. Kailashnath Katju was sworn in as Governor of West Bengal at 11 a.m. today.

The function was held in the throne room at Government House in the presence of the Premier and other Ministers of West Bengal, members of the Diplomatic Services in Calcutta, prominent citizens and high ranking civil and military officials.

Mr. Justice R. C. Mitter of the Calcutta High Court administered the oath.

CRACK CHINESE TROOPS RUSHED TO KAIFENG

Last Minute Attempt To Save Honan Capital

NANKING, June 21, (Reuter): Crack Chinese Government units were todaybeing rushed to Kaifeng in a last minute attempt to save the battered Honan capital, now almost completely in Communist hands.

Independent reports said the first batch of Government reinforcements had reached the outskirts of the city. General Ho Ying-Chi, Minister of Defence, told the Kuomintang Central Political Council here today that powerful new forces were due to reach Kaifeng—strategically placed on the Lunghai Railway—in the next five days.

By then the situation would have turned in Government's favour, he added.

Meauwhile the Kaifeng garrison was locked in desperate battles with Communists who had breached the city defences at two points.

FRESH PLANS FOR DEFENCE OF KAIFENG

Gen. Ku Chutung, Chief of the Government General Staff, yesterday hurried to Chengchow, 45 miles west of Kaifeng, to map out fresh plans for a defence of the Honan capital, as well as the area to the north also threatened by the Communists.

Semi-official reports today said nationalist planes had wiped out a "large part" of the 6,000 Communist troops which had poured in through the gap in the south eastern section of the city wall. More than 100 barges carrying Communist supplies were sunk on the Yellow river just north of Kaifeng, the reports added.

On the Shantung-Honan border, Government forces were reported to have engaged Communist units which had braked out of an encirclement on their way to reinforce the Kaifeng attackers. Further north Communist Gen. Nieh Yung-Cheng's forces retreated after several unsuccessful attempts to capture the coal mining centre of Tangshan, midway on the Tientsin-Shansaikuan Railway.

Reports from Peiping said the railway had been cut at several points.

DISPUTE OVER CALCUTTA CINEMA

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Tendolkar)

Messrs. Kapurchand Ltd. .. Plaintiffs

vs.

Bajranglal Gangadhar Khemka and Another .... Defendants

Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose a member of the Calcutta Bar and brother of Subhas Chandra Bose appeared for the defendants in this suit which was filed for specific performance of an Agreement for Sale to the plaintiffs of a picture house known as Paradise Cinema at Calcutta, or in the alternative for Rs. 10 lakhs as damages for breach of contract.

Paradise Cinema had been let by the defendants to the plaintiffs for a period of 10 years by an Indenture of Lease dated 1st March 1937 executed in Bombay under which it was provided that should the defendants desire to sell the cinema, the plaintiffs would have the first option to purchase it at the price available to the defendants. The plaintiffs alleged that in September 1946 they came to know that the defendants had without informing them entered into an Agreement to sell the cinema in question to the Paradise Cinema Co. Ltd., for Rs. 1,50,000/-. The plaintiffs thereupon at once wrote to the defendants exercising their option to purchase the cinema for Rs. 1,50,000/-. The defendants did not reply to this letter, so the plaintiffs filed the present suit in Bombay.

The defendants stated that they had informed the plaintiffs of the Agreement for sale before they had entered into it. On its being explained to the plaintiffs for the sake of convenience the defendants had formed a private limited company to which the cinema was to be transferred, a director of the plaintiffs had assured the defendants that under these circumstances they would not exercise their option to purchase it. On behalf of the defendants it was also contended that the Bombay High Court had no jurisdiction in the matter. The hearing of the suit is proceeding from day to day.

Mr. V. F. Taraporevala, Mr. M. P. Amin and Mr M. M. Desai instructed by Messrs. Haridas & Co., appeared for the plaintiffs.

Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose and Mr. Y R. Rege instructed by Messrs. Crawford Bayley and Co., appeared for the defendants.

Cholera In Vile Parle

More Than Half A Dozen Cases Reported

(From Our Correspondent)

VILE-PARLE, June 20.

Vile Parle has a notoriety for epidemic. Every year it has to face it either in the form of cholera or typhoid. This year the public are warned to take precautionary measures against the emergent cholera epidemic. It is reported that there are more than half a dozen cases of cholera in the east Vile Parle. It is up to the municipal authorities to open centres of vaccination and nib this in its bud.

PROTEST AGAINST LICENSING OF MUTTON SHOP

Residents of East Vile Parle have lodged a protest petition to the Parle-Andheri municipality regarding the licensing of a mutton stall near the level crossing. It is reported that amongst those who have protested against the grant of the license are persons of different communities such as Christians, Hindus etc. It is said that there is already a mutton market within a stones throw and there is no sense in permitting the stall within this distance.

Kosi In Spate

SAHARSA, June 21 (U.P.I.) : Hundreds of villages have been submerged and several thousands of people stranded and standing crops destroyed due to an unprecedented flood in the river Kosi

The Bangaon Bandh is reported to have been washed away. The flood level in some of the smaller rivers in the area has also gone above the maximum level ever reached before.

The people, in many cases, are unable to leave their houses for paucity of boat.

The Kosi flood this year unlike previous years has come earlier than it was expected.

No Surrender To Pakistan

Kashmir Premier Confident Of Winning Plebiscite

NEW DELHI, June 21, (API): Addressing the Jammu Youth Conference here today, Kashmir's Prime Minister, Sheikh Mohd. Abdullah said that he was cnnfident of victory over the raiders and of getting a favourable verdict from the people of Kashmir when plebiscite was held.

He described as baseless any fear or apprehension regarding the outcome of plebiscite and declared that the Muslims of Jammu and Kashmir were solidly behind his Government and were "determined not to surrender their freedom to Pakistan". Their original decision to link their destinies with the people of India was sure to be upheld because it was based on "a deep appreciation by the Muslims of Kashmir of the basic principles for which India stood and the faith that the minorities in the Union will get a fair deal".

The Prime Minister of Kashmir said that he would welcome the U.N.O. Commission to come and see for itself what destruction had been caused in the valley by the tribesmen.

ELIMINATE COMMUNALISM

He appealed to the people of India to rise above communalism because that would bind the Kashmiris with them. India should not play Pakistan's game. By dividing the country the British had sown the seeds of discord and their freedom would continue to be in a danger as long as communal distrust and bitterness were not eliminated from the body-politic of India.

Serious Threat To Industry

CALCUTTA, June 21, (A.P.I.): The jute mills industry is seriously concerned about supplies of raw jute to the mills during the forthcoming season which begins on the 1st July 1948, it is reliably learnt. As a result of a smaller crop during the present season and heavier exports of raw jute overseas from Calcutta and Chittagong, the balance available to the mills has, it is stated, declined below the 'safety level'. Stocks with the Calcutta mills were about 14 lakhs bales on the 31st May, and it is presumed that they will have fallen to 11 lakhs bales by the end of the season on June 30. It is calculated that not less than 25 lakhs are essential for stock purposes in present circumstances.

In view of this, the jute mills industry is strongly opposed to the policy of allowing continued exports of raw jute from India. They point out that the adoption of this policy now may mean unemployment for jute mill workers, heavy financial losses to the industry and a serious fall in the hard currency, which sales of jute manufactures to the U.S.A. and other countries within the hard currency bloc, bring.

It is understood that this whole matter will be discussed at a meeting of the Jute Advisory Committee, which will be held in Calcutta this week and the decisions of Government are anxiously awaited by the industry.

REFUGEE ACT CHALLENGED

Threat Of Satyagraha If Measure Is Not Repealed

BOMBAY, Monday.

The Bombay Government's authority to pass the Bombay Refugees Act, 1948, was challenged by Mr. P D. Shamdasani, President of the Bombay Sindhi Association today.

Addressing a press conference at the Taj Mahal Hotel this evening, Mr. Shamdasani said that the Act was 'ultra vires' and 'void.' The Provincial Government was not authorized to pass such an Act under the Legislative lists specified in the seventh schedule of the Government of India Act, 1935.

Mr. Shamdasani said that over four lakhs of Sindhis had migrated from Sind to Bombay after the partition of India. They had sacrificed their all for the freedom of their country. Instead of being looked upon as heroes they were being treated as foreigners. Under the Act they were required to register their movement in the province as if they were criminals. No self-respecting man would like to do this. That was why they thought that the Government had done a great injustice to them by passing such an Act which he said was 'ultra vires'.

Mr. Shamdasani in conclusion said that under the Act a few thousand Sindhi refugees had registered their names while over three lakhs refused to do so, following the agitation carried on by the Bombay Sindhi Association. Mr Shamdasani also said that if all leagal remedies failed to get the Act repealed, the Sindhis would not hesitate to resort to 'Satyagraha' to fight the unjust Act. He added he would be their leader.

De Valera Back In Eire

SHANNON AIRPORT, EIRE, June 21 (Reuter) : Mr. Eamon De Valera, Ex-Premier of Eire, arrived here today from Rome after a world tour which included India, Australia and New Zealand.

Sheikh Abdulla Meets Indian Cabinet

Issues Relating To Kashmir Commission Discussed

NEW DELHI, June 21 (U.P.) : Sheikh Abdullah, Prime Minister of Kashmir, who arrived in New Delhi on last Friday, will be leaving by air for Shinagar tomorrow morning.

During his stay, Sheikh Abdullah met Pandit Nehru, Prime Minister of India, Mr. Gopalaswami Iyengar, leader of the Indian Delegation to U.N.O. and other Cabinet Ministers of Government of India, and is believed to have had discussions with them on issues which are likely to arise from U.N.O. Commission to Kashmir.

Latest Commercial

NEW YORK COTTON OCTOBER

NEW YORK, June 21.

Previous Closing	33.19
Today's Opening	33.32
Difference	+13
Today's Closing	33.24
Difference	+5

LAST QUOTATIONS.

BOMBAY, June 21.

	Rs.	As.
Silver Bullion Forward	175	12
Silver Chamber	176	0
Gold Forward	113	13
Sovereign	75	0

NEW YORK STOCKS.

NEW YORK, June 21.

New York Stock Exchange opening prices :—

Anaconda Copper Mining $39-3 4.
General Motors $64-3/8.
United States Steel Common $81-3/8.
Ditto Preference unquoted.—(Reuter).

London Stock Exchange

LONDON, June 21, (Reuter). Giltedged section was one bright spot in London Stock Markets today. Buying orders resulted in all round rise of one-eighth per cent.

Other sections were dull on scattered selling. The strike of London dockworkers introduced fresh note of caution. Investors are hesitant of putting their money into industrial equities Money from sales of these issues is being channelled into Giltedged.

Brazilian untilities were again in the news. Details of Anglo-Brazilian trade pact were published during the week-end and encouraged fresh bout of selling. Brazilian railways, Electrics and Tramways all lost several points.

Electric debenture fell eight points at four-six. The market expects a long delay in the takeover by the Brazilian Government of these issues and then at not such favourable terms as were originally hoped.

Oil shares followed the prevailing easier trend. Anglo-Iranian were weak at eight and nines-sixteenths.

South African gold mines continued to be under the influence of gloom which exists at Johannesburg. Scattered selling caused small losses throughout the list.

Hapur Market Rates

(From Our Correspondent.)

HAPUR, June 21.

Silver Forward 169 10. Opened 169/9, Yesterday Closed 169/3.
Gold Forward 113 2. Opened 113, Yesterday Closed 113.
Gur Ready 12. Shakkar 11/13, Crystal 36. Khand Sari 32 to 26. Pagun 9/10/8. Opened 9 10 8. Yesterday Closed 9/11 3. Quiet.
Bardana Asar 97 8. June 116. Ready 105. Oats Ready 9 8. Jeth 3/6. Barsen 22 14. Taraseed 19. Groundnut 12/10. Cottonseed 14. Mustard Oil 65. Oilcake 7. Methi 13/12. Wheat 18,8 Gram 12 8. Barley 11/12. Bejhar 11/8. Peas 11/12. Arhar 12 2. Maize 10. Bajra 10. Juwar 14. Urd 18. Moong 16.

Karachi Cotton Market

(From Our Correspondent.)

KARACHI, June 21

Cotton Sind NT 867, Punjab 289. P. 101, L86 817. Pour F 68 Rates easy sympathy weakness of Bombay and less demand.

Spot sales about 2 000 bales, principally Pour F. cotton bought by Gill Co.

Arrivals 853 bales

Exports 1,536 bales for Calcutta and Liverpool.

Cottonseeds NT 8 1. Desi 8 8. Rapeseed 175. Market steadied with fair demand.

Gold Tejabi 106 0. Sovereigns 73 8. Silver Coins 128. Market quiet and easy.

Cutch Hundi

(From Our Correspondent)

BHUJ, June 21.

Hundi Buying 312. Hundi Selling 313.
Gold 111.
Silver 168.

Mountbatten Leaves India

ACCORDED MOST AFFECTIONATE SEND-OFF FROM UNION CAPITAL

Farewell To Chaprasis & Bearers Amid Touching Scenes

NEW DELHI, JUNE 21, (A.P.I.): RELINQUISHING THE CHARGE OF GOVERNOR-GENERALSHIP AFTER FIFTEEN MONTHS IN INDIA—THE LAST BRITON TO HOLD THIS HIGH OFFICE—LORD MOUNTBATTEN, ACCOMPANIED BY LADY MOUNTBATTEN AND HIS DAUGHTER PAMELA MOUNTBATTEN, LEFT DELHI THIS MORNING BY AIR FOR THE UNITED KINGDOM.

Delhi gave Lord and Lady Mountbatten the most affectionate send-off ever given to any Governor-General. The time of the Mountbattens departure had been announced earlier and despite the early hour, large crowds filled the expansive forecourt of the Government House by 7 a.m.

At 7-15 a.m. Lord and Lady Mountbatten and their daughter came out to the entrance in front of the throne room. The Governor-General-Designate Mr. Rajagopalachari and the Prime Minister Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru followed them.

Descending the red-carpetted steps of the Government House Lord Mountbatten took the royal salute from a guard of honour provided by the 6/5th Gurkha Rifles and the Central Reserve Police. The band struck "God Save the King" followed by poet Tagore's "Jana Gana Mana".

TOUCHING SCENE

While Lord Mountbatten was inspecting the parade, Lady Mountbatten who stayed at the foot of the staircase chatting with Mr. Rajagopalachari and the Prime Minister, recognised many familiar faces among the small crowd which was nearby and shook hands with many of them.

It was a touching scene when Lord and Lady Mountbatten bade farewell to their bearers, chaprassis and other members of Government House staff. They warmly shook hands with all of them.

From every parapet and doors and windows opening out from Government House, men, women and children were eagerly peeping out anxious to have a last look at the departing Governor-General and his wife who had endeared themselves to the people of this country.

The forecourt was crowded to capacity and the Governor-General's famous mounted bodyguards, in their crimson tunics, and the police and the military present were hard put to keep the cheering crowd in order.

After taking the salute, Lord and Lady Mountbatten and Lady Pamela Mountbatten drove in state to the main gate.

The crowd waved and cheered as they drove past in their six-horse drawn landau. Lord and Lady Mountbatten returned the cheers of the crowd and were continuously waving to them.

C. R. JOINS THEM

Alighting from the stage coach at the main gates, Lord and Lady Mountbatten and Pamela Mountbatten got into a car. They were joined by the Governor-General-Designate and the Prime Minister Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru.

The party then drove to the Palam airfield.

En route the eleven-mile long drive to Palam at numerous points crowds cheered and waved farewell to Lord and Lady Mountbatten.

Troops of the Indian Army lined the road leading to Palam on either side for over a mile.

Arriving at Palam, Lord Mountbatten inspected a combined guard of honour provided by the Royal Indian Navy, Royal Indian Air Force and the Indian Army and took the Royal salute.

The Prime Minister, Ministers of the Government of India, the chiefs of the three services and high-ranking civil and military officers and members of the diplomatic corps had assembled at the airfield to bid farewell to Their Excellencies.

BIDDING GOODBYE

Lord and Lady Mountbatten spent half an hour taking leave of the Ministers and others present, individually shaking hands with them and saying a few personal words to each of them and waving to the crowd which had gathered at the airfield.

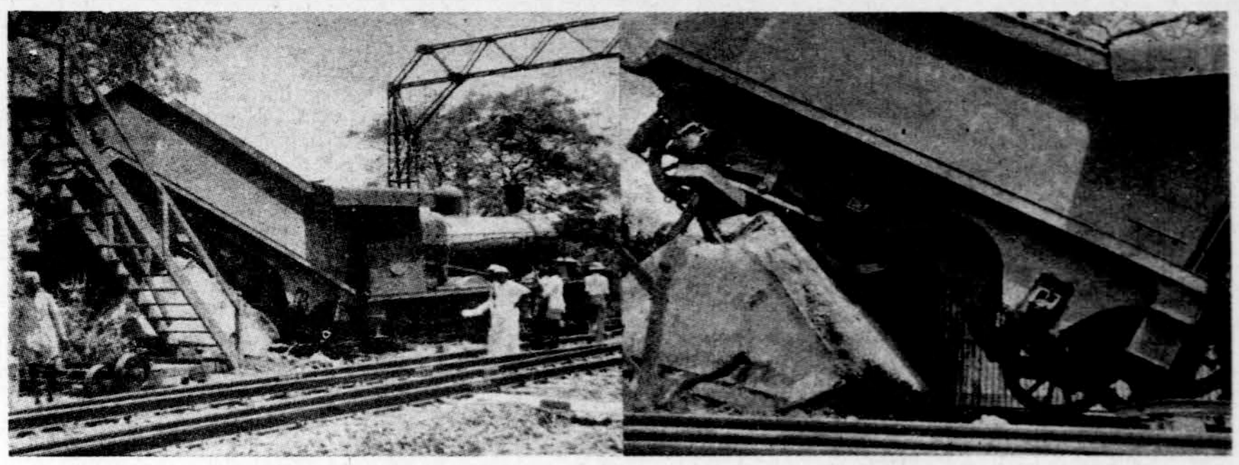
Some one in the crowd had brought two garlands of jasmine and these were lovingly accepted by Lady Mountbatten.

Mr. Rajagopalachari and Pt. Nehru went into the Mountbatten's 'York' to bid goodbye. After shaking hands with Lord and Lady Mountbatten, Pt. Nehru kissed goodbye to their daughter Lady Pamela affectionately.

As the "York" opened up its engines, a flight of RIAF fighters flew past, dipping in salute in smart formation.

The "York" took off at 8-30 a.m.

Thirty-one guns boomed in salute while the plane was climbing up.



The "Ghost" Engine that ran without a driver

An Engine Plays Truant

Runs Without Driver And Crashes Against A Cabin

BOMBAY, Monday.

A shunting engine, parked for cleaning in the Parel running shed steamed off this morning on its own, and raced backwards for nearly a mile on a side line before it crashed against the Mahaluxmi B Cabin and climbed on its concrete foundation.

If the points near the Cabin were not kept on "dead end" the driverless engine might have gone on to the main line, travelled to Churchgate leaving a trail of disaster on the way, railway esgineers said.

On its remarkable journey, described as "mysterious" and "unprecedented" the engine cressed a suburban train, while hundreds of passenger breathlessely watched its mad gallop.

At 7-40 this morning a cleaner sitting on the stacks of coal heaped in the "tender" of B.B. & C.I. engine No. 65 standing in the Parel running shed heard it suddenly steaming and moving backwards. He shouted for the driver and when there was no response he got panicky. He jumped off in time to see the truant engine speeding away.

Excited railway machanics, foreseeing possible disaster ran after the engine, but in vain.

Riaring along the side line the "ghost" engine reached the Mahalaxmi B Cabin where the points had been fortunately kept on their "dead ends". This prevented it from changing to the main suburban line. But it crashed violently against the huge foundation of the Cabin the engine tender climbing over the foundation.

And there the hectic career of the runaway engine came to a halt with its three hind wheels hanging over the uprooted stone while the first three rested firmly on the lines. This curious spectacle of a climbing engine has since this morning attracted eager crowds of spectators to the Mahalaxmi Cabin.

The engine and the tender have telescoped into a V shape and railway engineers stated that it might take from two to three days to set the erring locomotive on its feet again.

They could not ascribe any definite reason for the unusual event but one railwayman speculated that the engine's regulator which was on, might have gone off, setting it in motion. The question of "sabotage" did not appear convincing.

The Loco Superintendent Parel visited the spot immediately, followed by an Accident Van full of repairmen who were unanimous that they had never been called to tackle an accident of this kind during the last 35 years.

NAZI-LOOTED GOLD FOR BRITAIN

FRANKFURT, June 21, (Reuter): American commercial air-line planes are making two daily flights from Frankfurt to Britain with cargoes forming part of £ 15,000,000 worth of Nazi-looted gold bars and coins to be melted down and distributed as reparations.

The gold, ranging in origin from 300-year-old Spanish gold dublooms to the melted down, gold tooth feelings of murdered concentration camp inmates, has been stored in the foreign repository vaults of the American-operated Reichsbank here.

Established as looted by the Nazis from their victims during the Hitler regime, the gold will after melting-down be re-allocated to claimant nations by a tripartite commission for reparations in London.

It is estimated that 22 flights from Frankfurts Rhein-main airport to the unknown reception base in England will be needed to move the treasure.

Each plane making the trip carries an average of £ 750,000 worth.

The gold is driven under heavy military police escort to Frankfurt's airport and is then in the custody of the plane crew until it is handed over to officials of the Bank of England who are reported to meet each shipment with armoured money-transport cars.

TURKISH ARMY PERSONNEL FIRE ON U. S. DAKOTA

ANKARA, June 20, (C.P.A.): The Turkish Army announced today that the personnel responsible for opening anti-aircraft fire against an American Dakota transport over the Dardanelles last Thursday would be court-martialled.

Turkish batteries opened fire on the plane which was on an inspection flight of Turkish training centres. It was hit by one dud shell which slightly damaged the starboard. It landed safely at Tura airfied at Balikesir.

Officials said poor communications prevented the anti-aircraft battery from being notified of the plane's flight.

The Dakota was piloted by Colonel James Fergusson, Chief of the Air Force training programme and an official of the American Aid Mission to Turkey.

PETROL COUPONS STOLEN

BANGALORE, June 21 (IPA):—5,500 units petrol coupons to the value of 11,000 gallons have been stolen from the Bangalore Deputy Commissioner's office and it was found on 16th of this month that the coupons were missing. Immediately complaint was lodged in the Ulsoor Gate police station and two persons are arrested on suspicion.

PATNA, June 20, (A.P.I.): A provision advisory committee for the Indian territorial force of Bihar for the year 1948-49 has been constituted.

BIHAR BANS 'UNSUSPECTED'

PATNA, June 18. (A.P.I.): The Government of Bihar have directed that the film entitled "Unsuspected" produced by Messrs Warner Bros. first national pictures of United States of America, shall be deemed to be an uncertified film in the whole of the Province of Biher.

BASIC EDUCATION CAMPS IN BANGALORE

BANGALORE, June 21 (IPA): Basic Education Teachers' Camp and Rural Workers Camp will be opened at Kangeri Gurukula (Bangalore District) very shortly. Many persons from all over Karnatak interested in Basic Education and rural work are expected to join the camps.

"INDUSTRIAL MOTORS MANUFACTURE"

Plans For A New Enterprise

BOMBAY, Saturday.

Sir J. P. Srivastava, R. B. Rameshwar Prasad Bagla, and Seth Harnarayan Gopaldas were among the many guests who attended a dinner party held at the Taj Mahal Hotel tonight in honour of Mr. M. M. Singh, the Managing Director of Agencies Limited, who is flying to London tomorrow.

Mr. Singh is proceeding to London in order to finalise arrangements for import of machinery for the manufacture of industrial Motors in Bombay.

Suffering as India is today from an acute shortage of useful Electrical machinery, the motor which stands as the prime mover behind all moving wheels in industry must be considered to have the top most priority for the rapid industrialisation of the country. Mr. Singh said at the party tonight that the manufacture of industrial motors will fill a long felt want in the industrial progress of the country. He hoped that the necessary machinery could be expected within six to eight months.

Messrs. Agencies Ltd. are the promoters and managing agents of Electrical Corporation of India, Ltd., who propose manufacturing Industrial Motors in Bombay. The firm expect to be the pioneers in this type of industry.

Sir Jwala Prasad is the Chairman of the Electrical Corporation of India Ltd.

Hyderabad And Kashmir

IFTIKHARUDDIN SEES 'RISE OF HINDU FASCISM'

ABBOTABAD, June 20 (API): Mian Iftikharuddin, organizer of the West Punjab Provincial Muslim League in his presidential address at the two-day session of the Hazara district Muslim League organisational conference which began this morning at Abbottabad characterised the attitude of the Congress leaders towards Indian states as "a new born fascism".

The conference was attended by prominent Muslim League leaders from the frontier province and West Punjab including Khan of Mamdot, the West Punjab Premier, Khan Abdul Qayum Khan, the Frontier Premier and other Frontier Ministers.

Mian Iftikharuddin said "this Hindu fascism which is devoid of justice and fair play and is based on mere might is not going to last very long. Pandit Nehru and other Hindu leaders want to mislead the world by their unreasonable and inconsistent attitude. They want to pocket Hyderabad by saying that the Hindu majority of the state wants its accession to the Indian union while ignoring the popular demand of Kashmirs accession to Pakistan by the majority of Kashmir Muslims".

Stressing the need of unity among Muslims of Pakistan at this juncture Mian Iftikharuddin appealed to the masses to strengthen the Muslim League by reorganising it on better lines." It is only through reorganisation" he said "that the masses can be made to take a keen interest in their state and thus make Pakistan an ideal Islamic state based on the true principles of Islam. Islamism is the best 'ism' for all countries if they want to live in peace in this world. But that ideal Pakistan cannot be made by Ministers or certain high class individuals. It is the public that will make Pakistan a real Pakistan of our dreams and our promises".

A WARNING

"After long suffering from chronic constipation, and using all kinds of remedies, at last I got great relief after taking Livergen. Sufferers like me, take a warning in time"—One relieved.

Goa Congress President Released

CITY OF GOA, June 21, (I.P.A.): Dr. Jose Maria Furtado, President, National Congress (Goa) who was interned in the Agoada Fort awaiting passage to Cape Verde island where the Minister of Colonies had fixed his residence has now been released.

The Government of Portuguese India in a Press Note issued explaining Dr. Furtado's release says: "Dr. Jose Maria Furtado has spontaneously declared in writing in categoric and unequivocal term that he repudiates any idea against the Portuguese Sovereignty and henceforth will not associate with any organisation that attempts against the Portuguese Sovereignty.

Dr. Furtado has further declared & solemly affirmed that never again he will adopt attitudes which are against the "interests of Goa and Portugal together, i.e. Goa integrated in the Portuguese Nation."

The Governor-General of Portuguese India, therefore, orders immediate release of Dr. Jose Maria Furtado."

U. P. SIKH KIRPAN 'MORCHA' ON JUNE 21

Council Of Action's Decision

LUCKNOW, June 20, (A.P.I.) The Council of Action of the U.P. Sikh Kripan "morcha" has decided to launch "morcha" on June 21 for the removal of the ban of carrying of "kripans" by the Sikhs following the breakdown of the negotiations between the representatives of the U. P. Sikh Pratinidhi Board and the U. P. Government.

Sardar Amar Singh "Khalsa" President of the Council of Action said at a press conference today that he had contracted the three All-India Sikh Bodies namely Shromani Akali Dal, Amritsar, the Shromani Gurdwara Purbandhak committee Amritsar and the Panthic Darbar, Patiala on the question of the ban on the Kripan in U. P. and had enlisted their support and sympathy.

Sardar Amar Singh stressed that the "morcha" would be launched in a peaceful and non-violent manner.

Evasive Attitude Of Nizam Harmful To Teeming Millions

Hyderabad Pleaders Express "Grave Concern" Over Breakdown Of Talks

HYDERABAD, (Dn.) June 21, (A.P.I.): The Pleaders' Protest Committee, in a statement issued on Saturday express grave concern over the breakdown of the negotiations between Hyderabad and the Union Government and said: "the hesitant and evasive attitude of the Hyderabad delegation in conducting the protracted negotiations has been highly harmful to the teeming millions. The way in which these negotiations were carried on for a long time is certainly derogatory to the honour and prestige of Hyderabad Government."

The statement continued "Mr. Mir Laik Ali's speech last night on the radio indicates that the Government wants to gain time to consolidate the position of the fascist group. His speech is also negation of the promises held out to the people on the assumption of his office that he would solve all the outstanding internal problems to the satisfaction of the people and establish peace in the state."

"The majority of the people do not support the stand taken by the present Government in rejecting the proposals of the Indian Union" the statement declared and added: "as to the question of a plebiscite the Committee is of the opinion that a plebiscite can be held in peaceful circumstances only. With chaotic and anarchic conditions prevailing in the state and the fascist Government having absolute sway backed up by brute communal forces a plebiscite would be only a mockery and a denial of the very principles and tenets of democracy. Therefore, the Union Government was thoroughly justified in their insistance on having a responsible Government as a condition precedent for holding a plebiscite.

The statement further added: "it is not clear from the Prime Minister's speech as to what were the reasons which impelled his Government to reject the proposals while his previous declaration and assertions make it evident that the Nizam's Government was ready and willing to hand over the three subjects (defence communications and foreign affairs) to the Union Government.

ADI-HINDU LEAGUE'S RESOLUTION.

The Working Committee of the state Adi-Hindu (untouchables) Independent League which met here on Saturday under the chairmanship of its President, Mr. N. B Gautam, resolved that "in view of the fact deteriorating situation and prevailing tension in the state, and considering the natural geographical position of Hyderabad within the Indian dominion urges the Nizam's Government to conduct negotiations as to bear fruitful results and avert a conflict with the Indian Union at any cost and save the state from the impending catastrophy and sufferings of the ignorant poor."

The Committee condemned "in unequivocal terms the mischievous and selfish elements who were out to disturb the traditional amity between the communities in the state and protests against the policy of the Government towards such elements who are detrimental to the interests of the States' people and the ruler."

ENGLISH JOURNALS CONFISCATED.

Copies of the "Indian Express", an English daily of Madras, were confiscated by Hyderabad police last Saturday on their arrival by air as they were alleged to contain some "objectionable matter".

Copies of the "India", dated June 20, and the "Forum", dated June 13, English Weeklies of Bombay and the "Hindustan Times" an English daily of New Delhi, dated June 17 were confiscated by the police as the editions are alleged to have contained some "objectionable" matter.

DETAINED BUSINESSMAN'S TELEGRAM TO LAIK ALI

Raja Bansilal Badruka, a leading businessman of Hyderabad has sent a telegram to the Prime Minister of Hyderabad, protesting against the alleged police action, preventing him and his wife from boarding a bogey he had already reserved for Dhond from Hyderabad, on Saturday last.

The Raja complained that his luggage was searched by the customs authorities at the railway station and inspite of his agreeing to leave behind certain gold ornaments objected to by them, the customs official requested the station master to detain the Raja and his wife. On the station master's refusal to interfere in the matter, the Raja in his telegram alleges, the customs' ogicial instructed about eight police constables to see that the Raja and his wife did not board the train. As soon as the train steamed in, the police encircled the bogey reserved for the Raja and thus prevented them from leaving Hyderabad.

Copies of the telegram were also sent to the Deputy Prime Minister and the Director-General of Police.

The incident has created a stir among the business community of Hyderabad:

RAZAKARS SEARCH FOR IRON AND STEEL

YEOTMAL, June 21 (IPA): Reports are pouring in that the Razakar activities in Hyderabad are taking a serious turn. At Hategaon (Nizam's State) Hindus were attacked and looted. From the reports it can be gathered that the Razakars are particularly in search of iron and steel which is required for manufacture of arms. When they raided Palsa, the Razakars took away tin sheets covering the roofs of some houses.

In villages Burda and Dhanora near Washim borders people have been looted of everything and have taken refuge in Washim another Union towns as destitutes.

IT HAS CHARACTER

STRAIGHT VIRGINIA

When you smoke a straight Virginia and like it, you are able to appreciate it's flavour and aroma, qualities that give it character. You can count on it to satisfy you always.

CARLTON'S STRAIGHT... SO POPULAR WITH PEOPLE WHO KNOW

ACI

BOMBAY Stock Exchange

STEADY CLOSING TREND IN PRICES— BANKS RULE QUIET

Bombay, June 21

After last week's heavy losses, the local Stock Exchange opened steady to-day and moved narrowly with a restricted trading. Undertone was however weak due to gloomy forebodings about the final outcome of the Hyderabad issue.

A further damper was provided by the assumption that divided in Tata Steel Deferred was not likely to be more than Rs. 50, and there was therefore no justification for the present price levels in Steels, much less for a rise. The result was a lack of bull enthusiasm. Nevertheless there was fairly good support at low levels, which absorbed much of the speculative liquidation and prevented further fall in prices.

Tata Steel Deferred opened at Rs. 1622-8 and after looking back to Rs. 1613-12 advanced steadily to Rs. 1630 under scattered buying. Tata Ordinary fluctuated between Rs. 317-8 and Rs. 321. Indian Iron and Bengal Steel were quiet around Rs. 28-8 and Rs. 23-8.

The Textile group was quiet with moderate buying. Bombay Dyeing reacted to Rs. 1095 after opening at Rs. 1102-8. The lost ground was however made up and Dyeing fluctuated around its opening level. There was good demand in Kohinoor which gained four points after opening at Rs. 628. Simplex and Swadeshi were unchanged at Rs. 222 and Rs. 622 respectively. Nagpur changed hands at Rs. 308-8.

Banks ruled quiet, with Central being quoted at Rs. 85-8 after opening four annas higher.

Among miscellaneous counters Belapur was steady at 278 (ex. div.), whereas Scindias advanced from Rs. 27-11 to Rs. 28-1, and was steady around that level. Cement was quoted at Rs. 172 and P. Construction at Rs. 230.

Securities were steady with 3 per cent Conversion Loan being quoted at Rs. 98-7 and 3 per cent 1970-75 at Rs. 99-12.

The market closed steady with Tata Deferred being quoted at Rs. 1632-8, the highest level of the day.

MILL SHARES

Bombay Dyeing 1102-8 Kohinoor 634 Swadeshi 628 Nagpur 309-8 Simplex 223 New Great 175 Gokak X. D. 319 Indore 525 Century 510 Colaba X. D. 180 Bleaching 159-8 Swan 355 Finlay 326 Morarji 506-4 Edward 585 Meyer 170 Apollo 3-8-6 I. U. Ordinary 14-8-6 I. U. Defd. 2-8-6 Madhusudan 240 Poddar 175 Khatau 265.

STEEL

Tata Steel Ord. 320 Tata Steel Defd. 1632-8 second 140.

CEMENTS

Associated Merger 171-12.

INDUSTRIES

Burma 431-4 Belapur (ex. D.) 279 Shivrajpur 35-8 Scindia 28/— Construction 231 Tata Chemical 15-8 Tata Oil 54-8 Indian Iron 28-11 Bengal 23-8.

ELECTRICS

Tata Hydro 158 Andhra X.D. 1460 Tata Power 1597-8.

MILLS (CASH)

Elphinstone 84-8 Phoenix 466-4 Ind. Mfg. 4220 Kooria 300 Dawn 1545 David 180 New City 202-8 Minerva 210-10 Bradbury 680 Bharucha (Defd) 5 Bharat 43 Mysore 230/10 Madhavji 15/4 Model 192-8 Laxmi 765 Vishnu 300 Western 4010 Standard 580 Sholapur 3700 Sassoon Cotton 19 Hindustan 4185 Tata 69 Ahmedabad Advance 276-4 New Ahmedabad 195 Sassoon Silk 85-8 New Union 16 Madhusudan B. 47 Shrinivas 210 Raja Bhahadur 126-4 Berar 265 Victoria 225 D. Colaba Coupon 47.

ELECTRIC SHARES (CASH)

Ahmedabad 121-4 New 118-12 Surat 143-12 Karachi 118/12 Broach 10-12 Ajmer 10-10 Amalgamated 15-8 Nagpur 53-8 Poona 147-8 Bombay Suburban 127-8 Bombay Suburban New 131/4.

BANK SHARES

Reserve 111 Imperial 2042-8 P. P. 495 Central 85-12 New 86-8 India 214 Union 9-8 Baroda 157 Habib 152 Dena Bank 52 United Commercial 62-4 Jaipur 51 Hindustan Com. 30 Mysore 365 Exchange (Ord.) 50 Eastern 105 India Coupon 39.

INSURANCE

Oriental 5075 Empire 685 New India 69 Jupiter 26-8 Vulcan 12-2 Indian Mercantile 47 Universal Fire 11/4 British India General 24 Prud. 29 Neptune 7 New Great 25 All-India General 21-8.

RAILWAY SHARES (CASH)

C. P. 109 Mymensingh 95 Mymensingh guaranteed 100, Pachora 107

MISCELLANEOUS (CASH)

Alcock 312-8 Steamer 557-8 Burma New 151-4 Burma Petrol 2-6 Mackenzie 90 Port Canning 70-12 Kemp 480 Kemp (New) 465 Zandu Pharmacy 155 Ind. Investment Trust 101 Wimco 288-12 Dharamsey Chemical 36-8 Mukud Iron 10 Dena Trust 21 Alembic 257/8 Supreme India 130; Jam Wire 108 Bombay Uganda 69/8 Bombay Motor Cycle 42. Indian Cement 33. Walchand Nagar Industries 210 United Motor 74 A. C. C. New 109/4 Bombay Safe Deposit 910, Hydary Construction 16 Mohmadi Steam 98 Gujarat Motor 25-2, Sardar Carbolic 750, Harvey Press 310, Estrella Batteries 51, Prince of Wales 610, Manmad Press 120.

PREFERENCE SHARES

Tata Steel 1st Pref 195 Andhra Valley 1212/8 Tata Power 1322-8 Hydro 124-6 Bombay Steamer 307-8 Nagpur 636-4 Swadeshi 146/4 Vishnu 675 Luxmi 307-8 New Great 222-8 Podar 115 Shrinivas 98 Elphinstone 115-10 Bradbury 365 Surat Elec. 131-4 Pre. Construction (1st) 126-4 2nd 120-8 Amalgamated 123-8 Habib 72 Tata Chemical 127-8 Walchand Nagar 250 Jupiter 19-14 Supreme 120 Meyer 121/4 McKenzie (1st) 127/8 2nd 125 Ahmedabad Advance 132-8 Mysore Mill 50 Standard 101 Madhusudan 12 Khatau 104-8.

DEBENTURES

Andhra 1952 (4) 102-12 Bombay Steamer (1959) 104-8 Indian Hume Pipe 111, Tata Power (1951) 103. Walchand Nagar 117.

OUTSIDERS

Indian Copper 2-9-0 B.I.C. 8-7 Burma Corporation 3-5 New Victoria Mill 4 New Victoria Mill Preference 5-8 Phalton 132 Gold Mohur 325 New Kaiser-I-Hind 375 Sajjan Mill 250 Osmanshahi 210 Ajamshahi 235 Air Service 11-8 Ambica 16-8 Air India 150 Hind Motor 6/7 India Steam 12-5.

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, June 21

The local Bullion market ruled steady to-day with a moderate turnover in both the metals.

Forward Silver advanced to Rs 176-2 after being quoted in the beginning at Rs. 175-8, and was later quiet around Rs. 175-12.

Forward Gold opened at Rs. 114-4 and after rising by four annas lost the gain under scattered liquidation to be quoted again at its opening level Ready Gold was placed four annas higher, whereas Ready Silver stood on a par with forward.

In the afternoon prices further sagged due to speculative liquidation in both the metals. As a result forward Silver declined to Rs. 175 and Forward Gold went as low as Rs. 113-7. Profit-taking by bears at low levels slightly improved the situation thereafter and the market closed quietly steady as under:—

	Rs.	As.
Forward Silver	175	8
Ready Silver	175	12
Forward Gold	113	12
Ready Gold	114	0

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, June 21:

After previous easy closing the local market opened quiet today, but later turned reactionary so as to make up some of the lost ground.

July opened at Rs. 672, and after sliding down Rs. 666 under initial selling advanced steadily to Rs. 678 on moderate bull support. Later it was steady around Rs. 674.

September delivery was quoted six points lower.

The steady tone of the market continued throughout the session, the highest and the lowest levels touched by July being Rs. 677 and Rs. 664 respectively.

The market closed steady as under:

I.C.C. July	Rs. 670-8
I.C.C. September	Rs. 665-8

BOMBAY PRODUCE MARKET CHEERFUL

BOMBAY, June 21.

Bright conditions prevailed at the local produce market today which showed considerable improvement on all sides particularly on the ready front. There was increased demand for oils which gave the prices an upward push. This was attributed to two main factors, namely the reduced export of oil from upcountry due to shortage of wagons and the complete stoppage of oil from Hyderabad.

Castor Oil, September delivery opened today at Rs. 142-10 and advanced upto Rs. 143-10. In Groundnuts, Khandesh quality showed an improvement of more than a rupee. Linseed also improved considerably.

The market closed firm as under:—

	Rs.	as.	p.
GROUNDNUT:—			
Khandesh quality	38	0	0
Coromandal ready	37	0	0
Bold ready	36	12	0
June-July	36	8	0
CASTORSEEDS:—			
Ready	29	8	0
September	143	1	0
LINSEED:—			
Ready	28	6	0
July	28	7	0
September	28	6	0
OILS:—			
Groundnut ready	21	0	0
Groundnut July	20	11	0
Linseed Oil	16	8	0
Castorseed First Pressing.	17	0	0
Castorseed Commercial quality	16	12	0

Fluctuations

Following were the fluctuations in some of the important scrips on Monday.

Apollo	3/8,3/7/6,3/9,3/8/6
B. Dyeing	1102/8,3/12,1095,1105/4 3/12,2/8
C India	308,6/8,9/8
C. Pref.	636/4
Elphinstone Pref.	115/10
Colaba	181,4,80
Finlay	325,26/8,26
Gokak	319
I. U. Defd	2/8,2/7/6,2/8/6
David	190,30
I. U. Ord	14/11,14/10,14/12/6
Indore	527/8,30,25,27/8,25
Kohinoor	628,29,28,33/8,32,34
Madhusudan	245
New Great	175,73,75
Phoenix	465,63/12,66/4
Madhawji Defd	15/4
Podar	175
Sholapur	3700
Shrinivas	210
Simplex	222,21,23,22,23
Swadeshi	622,21,23,22,23
Tata Mills	70,70/8,70
Baroda	156,57
Central	85/12,85/4,86,85/12
Imperial Old	2030,42/8
Imperial New	495
India	215,12,14
Reserve	110,11
Union	9/8
J. Commercial	62,8,62/4
Ahmedabad	121/4
Andhra Valley	1460
Surat	143/12
B. Suburban	137,36/14,37/8 (Ex Right)
Hydro	169,58
Hydro Pref	124/6
Power	1600,1592/8,97/8
B. Steam	567/8,60,55,57/8
Scindia	27/15,28/1,27/15,28/1, 27/15,28/1
B. Steel	23/8
I. Iron	28/11,28/8,28/10,28/9, 28/11
Tata Defd	1622/8,13/12,30,25,32/8
Tata Ord	318,19,17/8,20/8,19/8,20
Tata IInd Pref	139/8,40,39,40
Alcock	311/4,12/8
A. C. C. Old	371/12,71/8,72,71/8 71/12
A. C. C. New	109,9/8,9/4
Belapur	278,75,79,78,79
B. B. Old	430,32/8,31/4
B. B. New	150,51/4
B. B. Petrol	2/6/3,2/7,2/6
I. Bleaching	159/8
P Const	229/8,31,30,31
Shivrajpur	34/8,35/8
Tata Chem.	15/10,15/8
Tata Oil	55,54/8
Walchandnagar	210
Wimco	288/12,91/4,88/12
SPECIAL	
Colaba Coupon	48,50,47
India Bank Right	107,5/8
Vishnu Pref	675
Estrella Batteries	48
India Bank Coupon	42,39
Khatau Pref	104
Ahmedabad Elec. New	118/12
Steamer Debenture	104/8

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, June 21.

	Rs	as	p.
2-1/4 p.c. 1954	98	12	0
2-1/4 p.c. 1950	101	0	0
2-1/2 p.m. 1961	96	13	0
2-3/4 p.c. 1948-52	100	0	0
2-3/4 p.c. 1960	99	15	0
2-3/4 p.c. 1962	100	0	0
2-3/4 p.c. 1976	98	14	0
3 p.c. non-Terminable	98	8	0
3 p.c. 1986 Con.	98	8	0
3 p.c. 1949-52	101	6	0
3 p.c. 1951-54	102	4	0
3 p.c. 1953-56	102	10	0
3 p.c. 1957	101	12	0
3 p.c. 1959-61	101	9	0
3-1/2 1970/75	99	12	0
3-1/2 p.c. 1954-59	105	2	0
4 p.c. 1948-58	101	6	0
4 p.c. 1960-70	110	12	0
4-1/2 p.c. 1958-68	116	0	0
4-1/2 p.c. 1955-60	112	12	0
PROVINCIAL LOANS.			
2-3/4 p.c. U. P. 1961	98	0	0
3 p.c. Punjab 1952	98	0	0
3 p.c. Bombay 1955	101	4	0
3 p.c. Bombay 1958	101	4	0
3 p.c. Madras 1952-53	100	6	0
3 p.c. Punjab 1949	98	14	0
3 p.c. U. P. 1952	100	6	0
3 p.c. C. P. 1952	100	6	0
4 p.c. N. W. F. 1952	99	10	0
4 p.c. U. P. 1961-66	100	0	0
4 p.c. Bombay Municipality City	111	0	0
4 p.m. Bombay Municipality 1959	115	0	0
6 p.c. Municipality 1954.	116	0	0
3-1/4 p.c. New Municipal 1977	101	0	0
6 p.c. K. P. T.	112	0	0

BANKERS' CLEARING HOUSE.

Cheques delivered through the Bombay Bankers' Clearing House during the week ending the 18th June last were as under:—

Number of Cheques: 1,78,618.

Amount of Cheques: 59,18,11,126-11-0.

Ahmedabad Share Market

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, June 21.

Market opened quiet and improved on some speculative suport. Closed quietly steady.

Calico opened 1281, Highest 1294, Lowest 1279, Closed 1293.

Arvind Opened 1630, Highest 1646, Closed 1643.

Ambika Opened 470, Lowest and Closed 462.

Deffered Opened 1620, Highest 1641, Lowest 1618, Closed 1634.

Closing quotations: Arvind 1643, Ambika 462, Calico 1293, Anil Starch 360, Rohit 535, Lal Mill 518-12-0, Sarangpur Cotton 1910, Mahalaxmi 572-8-0, Malalal Fine 1840, Sayaji 208-12-0, Rajpur 1755, Deffered 1634.

Following shares were given in delivery in current settlement:—Arvind 128, Ambika 1219, Calico 129, Jupiter 18, Maraden 26, Monogram 11, Saraspur 70, Deffered 90.

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, June 21.

B C Rates T T D D 1/5 15/16 Ready B C Rates T T D D 1/5 29/32 up to 6 Months

London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 31/32 Ready

London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 15/16 up to 6 Months

London Banks Buying I T 1/6 1/32 to 9th Month

London Banks Buying T T 1/6 1/16 10th-12th Month

London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/16 to 4th Month

London Banks Buying D D 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th Month

London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/8 7th and 9th Month

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/8 to 4th Month

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6/5/32 5th and 6th Month

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 3/16 7th and 9th Month

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 4th Month

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th Month

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 7/32 7th and 9th Month

New York and Montreal B C Rates T T Rs 332 1/4

Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 332 1/4

Banks Buying T T Rs. 330

Banks Buying D D N Y Rs 328 3/4

Montreal Rs 328 1/2

Banks Buying D D N Y Rs 329

Montreal Rs. 328 3/4 L/C

Paris Banks Selling T T Frs. 6400

Paris Banks Buying T. T. Frs. 6550

Amsterdam Banks Selling T T D D Fl 49

Belgium Banks Selling T T D D Frs. 1305

Java Banks Selling T T D D—79

Hongkong Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 84

Singapore Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 157 1/2

Manila Bank Selling T T D D Rs. 165 1/4

New York-London Cross Rate Dol. 4.02 3/4 to 4.03 1/4

London/Afghanistan Cross Rate Afghani Rs. 52.57-53.43

London Alexandra Pls 97 1/4-3/4

London Amsterdam Fl 10.68-70

London Bangkok Tcl. 40

London Belgium Frs. 176 1/2-3/4

London Denmark Kr. 19.32-36

London Hongkong 1/3 1/16

London Iran Rl. 128-130

London Java Fl 10.68-70

London Lisbon Es. 99-80-100.20

London Manila Pes. 8.09-8.14

London Montreal Dol 4.02 3/4-4.03 1/4

London New York Dol 4.02 3/4

London 1/4

London Oslo Kr 19.98 20.02

London Paris Frs. 863.40-864.60

London Prague K. 201-202

London Singapore 2/4 7/32-1/8

London Stockholm Kr. 14.47-50

London Switzerland Frs 17.34-36

London Syria 880-5

Gold London £8-12-3

Gold New York 835

Silver London 45

Silver New York 74 5/8

London Discts. 3 Mos 9/16 per cent

London Discts. 6 Mos. 5/8 per cent

Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent. Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.

Money:—Call 1/2 per cent, 3 Mos. 3/4 per cent, 6 Mos. 1 per cent, 12 Mos. 1-1/2 per cent.

Tone:—Easy

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

CALCUTTA, June 21. (API): The Calcutta stock exchange today ruled quiet but steady, the volume of business was fair:

Following are today's final transactions up to 2-30 p.m.:—

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES: Three per cent Govt. Paper 98/6 S Lot Three Per cent Loan 1986 98/8 Three Per Cent Loan 1953/55 102/9 Four Per Cent Loan 1960/70 110/8 Three Per Cent Loan 1957 101/12/6 Three Per Cent Loan 1951/54 102/4/6.

BANKS: Bharat 4/12 Imperial Bank (fully paid) 1975/- Small odd lot ditto (conty.) 500/- Reserve Bank 106 United Commercial 61.

COTTONS: Benares Cotton 6/8 CT Bengal Nagpore 27/- Cawnpore Textiles 10/12 Dunbar 273/- New Victoria Ordy 4/- ditto pref. 5 5.

COALS: Amalgamated 26/4 Bengal 481/- Burrakur 19/14 Central India 7/3 Churulia 3/14 Dhemo Main 13 Equitable 38/- Katras Jherriah 32/2 Searsole 8/11 South Karanpura 20/2 Exdividend Talcher 4.

JUTES: Anglo-India 315/- Bally 277 Barnagore 288/- Belvedere 307/- Champdany 207/- Fort Gloster 470/- Gourepore 645/- Howrah 32/15 Kankinarrah 302/- National 28/13 Nuddea 90 Presidency 7/1 Reliance 27 Union 463/8

MININGS. Burma Corp. 3/4 Consolidated Tin 1/9 Indian Copper 2/8 Tavoy Tin 1/3.

ENGINEERINGS: B. I. Electric Cons. 10/4 Indian Iron and Steel 28/10 Kumardhubi Eng. 9/12 Marshalls 7/1 Saran Eng. 9/12 Steel Corp. 23/8 Textile Machinery 7 Small odd lot.

MISCELLANEOUS: Assam Bengal Cement 7/12 Dalmia Cement Ordy 8/2 Sone Valley Cement 8/5 Calcutta Electric 25/2 British India Corp. 8/9 Dunlop Rubber 80/- S Lot F and C Osler 11/- Indian Cables 34/1 Indian National Airways Ordy 7/6 Jardine Henderson 171/- Martin Burn 15/14 British Burma Petrol 2/5 India Paper Pulp 167/- Titaghur Paper 42/4 Midnapore Zemindary 91/- India Steamship 12/4.

SUGARS: Balrampore 9/9 Cawnpore 31/- Gwalior Sugar 86/8 CT Ramnugger Cane 19/10 Raza 15/14.

TEAS: East India 17/- Dhelakhat 33/12 (exdiv) CT Jutlibari 19/8 Singtom 5/12 Teen Ali 22/12.

Shipping News

IMPORTS & EXPORTS

IMPORTS

BOMBAY, June 21.

S. S. BHARAT BALA

From Karachi: 88 bales yellow pickings, 980 bales cotton, 33 bundles printed books.

S. S. ROCKSIDE

From Montreal: 1,120 denijohms acetic acid, 17,993 bundles spoolwood yellow birch, 170 rolls standard newsprint, 236 bales paper, 69 cases printing paper.

From Port Sudan: 1,500 bales Sudan mahdi cotton raw ginned.

S S. M. S. DUMRA

From Khoramshehr: 222 bags busts, 185 bags almond with steel, 429 bags almond kernels.

From Karachi: 250 bags sugar.

EXPORTS

GOODS ENTERED FOR EXPORT

S. S. TURKSHEAD

To Singapore: 18 bales cotton piecegoods—M. B. Shah.

S. S.. KING EDGAR

To Rangoon: 70 casses cattle fish shell—Vasantraj & Co. 300 packages paints—Peninsula V. & P. Works.

S. S. DUMRA

To Kuwait: 40 bags turmeric—H. Essa & Bros.

To Karachi 25 cases cigarettes—N. N. Mohmed.

To Buarah: 24 bales coir fibre—Consolidated Trading Corp.

S. S. VIRGINIA MAY

To Karachi: 11 bundles brooms—M. Y. Saigal. 8 pakages cotton waste—M. I. Dada 10 cases imitation jari A. Hassanbhoy & Co. 10 bales woollen hosiery—V. Kamruddin. 1 cases cotton socks—Mehboob Knitting Works.

S. S. MEGNA

To Colombo: 31 cases Indian medicines—Dinchand & Co. 20 cases castor oil—The Swastik Oil Mills Ltd. 6 bales cotton piecegoods—V. Mulji & Co.

S. S. CEYLON

To Aden: 5 bales cotton piecegoods—C. Kasturchand.

S.S. ANNA

To Karachi: 8 bales handloom cloth piecegoods—G. D. T. Husain. 15 bales handloom cotton piecegoods—P. Gulam Husain and Co. 36 cases aluminium ware—Jeewanlal (1924) Ltd. 15 cases chutney—R. Bashram Bros. 100 cases sugar cubes—H. H. Begmohmed. 100 boras bidi leaves—E. Nanji. 400 cases sugar cakes—H. S. H. J. N. Mohmed. 200 bags sugar candy—H. S. H. Mohmed. 400 cases sugar cakes.

S.S. JALMOHAN

To London: 40 bags gum karaya—Essential Oils and Aromatic Chemicals Co. 66 begs gum karaya—N. Mulji and Co. 19 bales woollen carpets—Nath Corpel Co.

To Liverpool: 20 cases chutney—E. Spinner and Co. Ltd.

S.S. MARINE FLIER

To New York: 134 bags gum karaya—S. M. Rajgor and Co.

To Alexandria: 27 barrels paint—New Mahalaxi Oil Mills.

To Port Said: 25 drums castor oil—The Swastik Oil Mills Ltd.

To Marseilles: 10 bales sheep skin—Shamjimal.

S.S. HAIFEI

To Rangoon: 14 bales cotton piecegoods—H. Ladharam.

BY AIR

To Karachi: 8 pels imitation jari—T. Manecklal, 16 cases art silk embroidary thread—N. Abdul, 400 baskets belle leaves—K. P. Shah. 20 pels chocolates—National Trading Co. 10 pels real jari lase with cotton thread—A. Huseinbhoy.

S.S. ALAVI

To Karachi: 10 bdls floor carpets—M. Yusuf and Sons, 76 bdls buffalo sole hide—Puri Bros.

Arrivals And Departures Of Steamers

ARRIVALS

"Maharaja" arrived from Calcutta with 1558 tons general cargo on June 20.

"Steel Flyer" arrived from Hoogan with 6212 tons general cargo on June 20.

"Nuculana" arrived from Lincohn in ballast on June 21.

"Dallington Court" arrived from Rangoon with 9341 tons white rice on June 21.

"Jalmohan" arrived from Cochin with 245 tons general cargo on June 19

Marine Flier" arrived from Boston with 3945 tons general cargo on June 20.

"Bharatmata" arrived from Calcutta with 1052 tons coal on June 19.

DEPARTURES

"Islami" sailed for Jeddah with 268 passengers on June 20.

"Examiner" sailed for U.S.A. with 4400 general cargo on June 20.

"Akbar" sailed for Jeddah in ballast on June 19.

"William H. Allen" sailed for Calcutta with 3170 tons general cargo on June 19.

"Seranpore" sailed for Calcutta with 1500 tons general cargo on June 19.

"Stratheden" sailed for Aden, Port Said with 4000 tons general cargo and 152 passengers.

"Pundua" sailed for Kobe (Japan) with 6049 tons cotton bales on June 20.

DUE TO ARRIVE AT BOMBAY:

From U.S. Pacific Coast:

(1) s.s. "Manx Marine" Due 12th July. (2) s.s. "Rotti" Due 25th July.

From U.S. Atlantic Coast:

(3) "Manx Navigator" Due 15th July. (4) s.s. "Hoegh Silvercloud" Due 18th July.

From Italy:

(5) s.s. "Duino" Due 29th June (6) s.s. "Chioggia" Due 4th July.

From Rotterdam-Antwerp:

(7) s.s. "Streefkerk" Due 24th June. (8) s.s. "Viktun" Due 4th July. (9) s.s. "Loosdrecht" Due 9th July. (10) s.s. "Aludra" Due 22nd July.

From Persian Gulf via Karachi:

(11) s.s. "Hoegh Silverbeam" Due 22nd June, (12) s.s. "Tosari" Due 25th June, (13) s.s. "Litterkerk" Due 6th July. (14) s.s. "Lissekerk" Due 15th July. (15) s.s "Hoegh Silvercrest" Due 24th July.

DUE TO SAIL FROM BOMBAY:

For Calcutta via Colombo:

(2) s.s. "Streefkerk" Sails 30th June. (3) s.s. "Viktun" Sails 8th July. (4) s.s. "Loosdrecht" Sails 13th July. (5) s.s. "Hoegh Silvercloud" Sails 25th July. (6) s.s. "Aludra" Sails 26th July.

For U.S. Atlantic Coast:

(7) s.s. "Manx Marine" Sails 21st July.

For U.S. Pacific Coast:

(8) s.s. "Manx Navigator Sails 19th July.

From Straits & Netherlands East Ind.

(9) s.s. "Tosari" Sails 30th June.

For Persian Gulf via Karachi:

(10) s.s. "Rotto" Sails 31st July, (10A) s.s. Lombok" Sails 26th June.

For Mediterranean & North Continental Ports:

(11) s.s. "Lutterkerk" Sails 10th July; (12) s.s. "Lissekerk" Sails 19th July.

For Italy:

(13) s.s. Duino" Sails 4th July. (14) s.s. "Chioggia" Sails 9th July.

For Australia:

(15) s.s. "Hoegh Silverbeam" Sails 25th June. (16) s.s. Hoegh Silvercrest" Sails 28th July.

Calicut Market

CALICUT, June 21.

Coiryarn Beypore 140/150, Quilandy 145/155, Fibre Garbled 115, Ungarbled 95, Cocoanuts Raw 110, Dry 155, Cocoanut Oil 430, Copra Office 285, Dilpasand 305, Madrasnottam 305, Pepper Wynaad 1045, Country 1025, Dry Ginger Chernad 390, Ernad 385, Coffee Robusta 155, Timber Pali 40/50, Junglewood 25/35, Vellapine 27/8/45, Benteak 40/50, Teak 80/110, Manso 2/12/3/12, Teak 10/15, Rosewood 10/20

Another Chinese Shot Dead

Troops Search For Arm Dump Around Ipoh

SINGAPORE, June 21 (Reuter):—Unidentified gunmen last night shot dead a Chinese at Ayer Kuning, near Taiping, Perak, while he was returning home, it was reported from Ipoh. Further details of the murder are as yet unknown.

This latest outrage occurred just before the police, under emergency powers granted them last week, carried out raids throughout the entire Malay Federation and arrested hundreds of Chinese, Malays and Indians on suspicion of being connected with the wave of terrorism.

At Selangor along 113 arrests were made with 60 in Penang, while the figures for Johore and Perak have not yet been disclosed although they are known to be considerable.

In Perak army aircraft are patrolling the estates in the jungle around Ipoh where troops are searching for buried arms and ammunition with mine detectors.

EUROPEAN MANAGERS RESIGN

A special correspondent of the "Straits Times" reports from Ipoh, Perak, that the Communists have won the opening round of the war of nerves in that district. They have disorganised European estate life and production there. One estate manager has resigned and other have written out their resignations while three estates are without managers.

Reports from Johore, however, state that there is no question of "evacuation" there.

MADRAS SHARE MARKET

MADRAS, June 21.

Reopening after the week-end business showed a disappointing turnover. Textiles were in favour but at lower levels. Amongst miscellaneous Mettur Chemical at 9 4 and Indian Steel Rolling Mills at 8 15 were the only transactions:—Market closed dull.

Following are closing quotations:—SECURITIES. Govt. of India Loans 3 per cent 1886 98 8, Three per cent 1970 75 99 11/6, Three per cent 1952 54 Govt. of Travancore 104 1, Three per cent 1960 Govt. of Madras 101.

BANK. Travancore Bank 23 12.

PLANTINGS. Chembras 5 13, Blue Mountain 2 3, Cochin Malabar 7/8, Devrabola 17 8, Highland Produce 28 8, Nellampathys 7/8, Ouchterlony 7, Periakaramalai 24 8, Pullangodes 1/7, Thirumbadi 2 6, T. R. and T. Co. 7 4, Malbar Industrials 16 8.

TEXTILES: Balasubramania 37 8, Buckinghams 351 4, Ditto Pref. 199, Cambodia 10/9, Coimbatore C. M. 91 8, Janardanas 45 8, Laxshmi 99, Maduras 41 6, Radhakrishnas 145 8, Rajalakshmis 57 12, Ranga Vilas 50, Trav. Rayons 4/15, Trichinopolys 12 15, Loyal Textiles 27 4.

MISCELLANEOUS. Facts 6 7 8, Mettur Chem. 9 4.—(A.P.I.).

CALCUTTA June 19, (UPI): The Congress of Universities in the British Empire is meeting for a five-day session at Bristol University on July 19. This is the first session of the Congress to be held after the last war.

WHY SUFFER FROM SORE ACHING BLISTERED FEET?

Use this world-famous Zam-Buk

IT's simply marvellous how pain and tiredness go when you use Zam-Buk. This wonderful herbal ointment is famous all over the world. Zam-Buk soothes away the inflammation, reduces the swelling, heals the sore broken skin, and makes and keeps your feet fit and healthy. Corns and hard skin are softened by Zam-Buk so that they can be easily removed. Guaranteed free from animal fat.

Excellent for pimples, rashes, eczema, ulcers, abscesses, sores, cuts, wounds, burns, scalds, insect bites, sore aching feet, muscular pains and bodily chills.

Zam-Buk

SOOTHING, HEALING, ANTISEPTIC OINTMENT

Agents: Messrs. KEMP & Co., Ltd. P. O. Box 937, BOMBAY.

MUTT AND JEFF—Mutt Generally Takes His In September By BUD FISHER

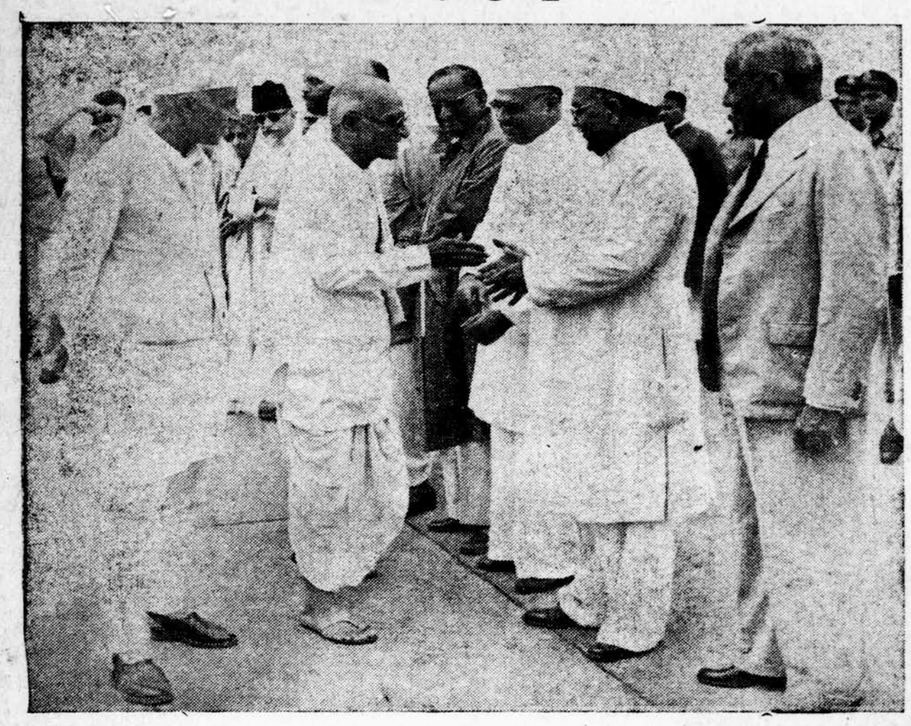
HEY, MUTT! CAN YOU COME HERE A MINUTE?
WHAT?
SOMEBODY IS LOOKING AT ME!
SO WHAT? LOTS OF PEOPLE LOOK AT US!
I KNOW BUT THIS IS THE FIRST OF THE MONTH AND THAT'S WHEN I TAKE MY BATH!

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 21 April, 2017

The Bombay Chronicle

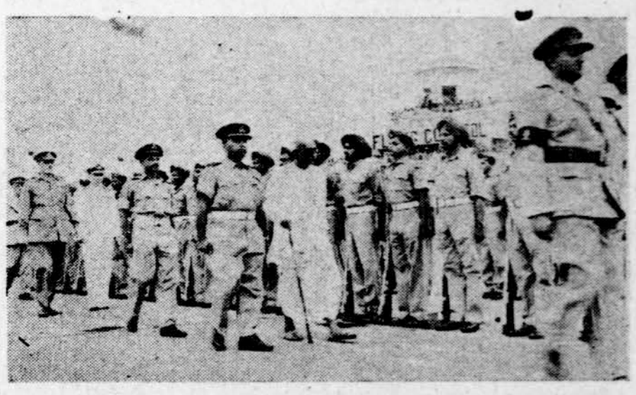
Regd. No. B. 1065

H. E. Sri Rajagopalachari Meets Cabinet Members



Pandit Nehru introduces the members of the Cabinet to H. E. Shri Rajagopalachari on his arrival at the Palam aerodroms. Seen in the picture are Rajkumari Amrit Kaur, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, Sardar Baldev Singh, Dr. Shyam Prasad Mookerji, Mr. Gopalaswami Ayyangar, Mr. Jairamdas Daulatram, and Dr. John Matthai.

Mr. Jagjiwan Ram, Rajkumari Amrit Kaur, Pandit Nehru and Mr. K. C. Neogy walk down with Mr. Rajagopalachari at Palam.



He is presented with a Guard of Honour at the airfield. In the background is the tower of the Flying Control.

Days Of Domination Through Force Gone In India

RAJAJI'S CALL TO END ISOLATIONISM

"Best Talents In Every Community Should Be Sought To Serve State"

NEW DELHI, June 21, (A.P.I.): Mr. Chakravarty Rajagopalachari was sworn in as the Governor-General of India in the Durbar Hall of Government House at 10-30 a.m. today.

The assumption of office was heralded by a royal salute and the band struck "God Save the King" and "Jana Gana Mana". The Governor-General's flag—in a blue background inscribed C. R. in circles with the busts of the three Asoka lions on the top—was unfurled and 31 guns were fired.

The Durbar Hall was crowded with distinguished invitees to watch the ceremony. The Prime Minister Pt Nehru and other members of the Cabinet sat to the left of the Governor-General. The ceremony was attended, among others, by Dr. Rajendra Prasad, President of the Constituent Assembly, members of the diplomatic corps, rulers of Indian States and principal civil and military officers. Mr. Rajagopalachari's daughter Srimathi Namgiri his son Mr. C. R. Narasimhan and his grand-daughter were also present.

A fanfare sounded when His Excellency entered the Durbar Hall attended by his staff. Mr. R. N. Banerjee, Home Secretary, read His Majesty's Commission under the Royal Sign manual. Thereafter the Chief Justice of India Sir Hiralal Kania administered the oaths of office.

After the ceremony His Excellency retired to the long room where the guests were conducted and presented to him.

EARLIER

Delivering a short speech, His Excellency Shri Rajagopalachari said:

HUMAN FELLOWSHIP

"I am very grateful to you all for your participation at this ceremony. Your presence has lifted the occasion from one of a mere ceremony to that of human fellowship. Speaking objectively, the occasion is undoubtedly historic, for this is the first time that one who belongs to the soil has, in accordance with the wishes of the Prime Minister of India and his Cabinet, been entrusted with the honour and the duties of the Head of the State in India. I owe a debt of gratitude, which I cannot hope to repay, for the signal honour implied in this my installation. I hope I shall act, on every occasion and in every matter, in a manner worthy of the trust reposed in me. The work of my predecessor during his memorable term of office was a marvellous instance of detachment, devotion and energy on the part of one who though not belonging to India, worked as one belonging to her and did his work in the spirit of that is laid down in our Scriptures with regard to the task that falls to any one. I come after him, but I hope I will be judged by standard suitable to one who is inexperienced either in arms or in diplomacy unlike my illustrious predecessor.

"Our problems have multiplied beyond all expectation and are such as may perturb even the most adventurous spirits among us. The only remaining interest in life which moves my colleagues who are entrusted with the charge of the affairs of India is the happiness of our people and the good name of our country. This is the passion that binds them together. They have experience and nobility of character. May God enable them to achieve the purpose so dear to their hearts. I shall be proud to render them all such assistance as I can in this position.

DOWN WITH COMMUNAL WALLS

India is unchangeably committed to the policy of making every one within her borders find pride and joy in citizenship irrespective of caste, creed or race. Dynamic rule or domination through force are gone in India. No territorial or racial or religious community can hope to thrive or maintain its happiness through force without the willing and full co-operation of other people and the utmost intercommunication. It is, therefore, necessary that all communal and territorial isolationism should be abandoned and the best talents in every community should be sought to serve the whole State. Communities should spread themselves out rather than build walls round themselves.

"Whatever be the technical phraseology which public law may use to describe it, what disturbs the peace of India now is internecine discord pure and simple and it is utter folly. Our country has not yet had time to separate into two parts corresponding to the political division to which we have agreed. It is very doubtful if it ever can be so split. We are far too interdependent and whatever we might, do, there will yet be vital links that can never be severed It is foll to quarrel and make into a scene of strife and misery what has been shaped by the pressure of age-long forces into a field of beauty and joy. Let us pray for wisdom and let us do what will make good thoughts grow and save them from being swamped by folly and evil which wait to tempt man

"I have received blessings and good wishes from great and good men in all parts of the world May these help me to steer clear of error and enable me to be of some help and some service to our people in the great office conferred on me."

OATH OF ALLEGIANCE

The following are the oath of allegiance to His Majesty and the oath of office administered to His Excellency Shri Rajagopalachari by the Chief Justice of India, Mr. Justice C. Kania and read His Excellency with a firm and distinct voice:—

"I Chakravarty Rajagopalachari, do solemnly affirm that I will be faithful and bear true allegiance to His Majesty George the Sixth, his heirs and successors, according to law, and I, Chakravarty Rajgopalachari, do solemnly affim that I will well and truly serve His Majesty the King George the Sixth, his heirs and successors in the office of the Governor-General of India."

Press Tributes

LONDON, June 21 (Reuter): The "London Times said today that the successors of Mr. Rajagopalachari as Governor-General of India "will include no one with a clearer record of long and independent-minded service to India".

"He is a patriot and statesman who has more than once stood firm by his convictions at the cost for a time of unpopularity".

GLORIOUS END

The Liberal "Manchester Guardian", in a tribute to Earl Mountbatten as Governor-General, said it was due "before all else to his persuasion" that Congress and the Muslim League accepted the partition plan.

"It is dramatically satisfying that British rule in India should have been wound up with a certain flamboyance. It will be a good story for history that the last British Governor-General was an Admiral, a cousin of the King, a dashing figure, who ended the long British rule of India—not with a whimper but with an unmistakable bang".

'Memorable Change'

MADRAS, June 21 (API): Paying a tribute to Lord Mountbatten for the memorable and revolutionary change that he has brought about in constitutional status of India, the "Indian Express" says, "In about 70 days after he became Viceroy he solved the Indian problem that defied solution for wellingh 70 years. The paper adds: The Mountbattens leave with the best wishes of India and in handing over charge to Sjt. Rajagopalachari the last British Viceroy and Governor-General has entrusted the office to a worthy successor. For Rajaji combines in himself the maturity of age and experience as well as the dignity of office.

Ban On Export Of Vanaspati

NEW DELHI, June 21 (A.P.I.) : A Press Note says:— The Government of India have decided to continue the ban on the export of Vanaspati (vegetables oil products) from the Indian Dominion to any area outside. Similarly, export of dals and pulses from the Indian Dominion will also continue to be prohibited.

RISE IN CONGRESS MEMBERSHIP

NEW DELHI, June 21 (API) :-One crore and five lakh persons have enrolled themselves as members of the Indian National Congress this year, showing an increase of nearly a hundred percent over the 1946 figure which was 55 lakhs.

The United Provinces with a membership of 25 lakhs tops the list while Andhra and Bihar with their membership of 20,82,429 and 20,50,271 occupy the second and third places respectively

TRUMAN AND STALIN MUST MEET

NEW YORK, June 20 (Reuter): Only a meeting between President Harry Truman of the United States and Generalissimo Stalin of the U.S.S.R. can bring an over-all clarification of controversial issues between the two countries, a ggeneral easing of world tension, and the peace and tranquillity the whole world needs.

This is the opinion of Rear-Admiral Ellis Zacharias, wartime Chief of United States Naval Intelligence, expressed in an article entitled "What Stalin Thinks", published in the unofficial magazine "United Nations World."

STALIN WON'T START WAR, BUT..

"On the basis of the best and most reliable information I could gather," writes Admiral Zacharias, "I may describe Stalin's attitude towards war as follows:

1. Stalin will not launch direct aggression, if only because of apprehension that the Soviet system might not survive another war.

2. If attacked, however, the Generalissimo will mobilise the whole resources of the vast sub-continent, will drive the Nation ruthlessly into battle and will never capitulate.

STALIN SUSPECTS U. S. INTENTIONS

Using the "methods and techniques of the trained intelligence officer" to obtain material for his article, Admiral Zacharias states: "Stalin is apprehensive of the United States today because he suspects us of aggressive intentions.

'According to him, however, there are three categories of people who are vitally interested in bringing about another world war:

Those whom he regard as warmongers including (1) top economic leaders, the so-called "capitalists" who are interested in continuous expansion of production and markets, no matter by what means, (2) military men, who, in Stalin's view, are not so much interested in war as in continuing tension, to keep their budgets high, and (3) a whole group of discredited and disavowed political leaders whose only chance for a comeback lies in another war."

PEACE OR WAR?

Admiral Zacharias observes that the question of war or peace virtually hunts Stalin's mind "He is convinced that it cannot be settled on the level of ambassadors and foreign ministers", he adds.

"It is imperative", that both President Truman and Generalissimo Stalin should go into conference "with an agenda prepared and accepted in advance, and with adequate material to permit, not merely the discussions, but the solution of every issue on the agenda", the Admiral continues

"The conference plan should review the whole complex of international co-operation and contain solutions with a view towards the strengthening of the United Nations.

DRAFT U.S. SOVIET TREATY

"The conference should draft a treaty on non-aggression for presentation to the Congress of the United States and the Supreme Soviet to U.S.S.R., to cover a period of at least five, but preferably ten years, appointing the United Nations as the supreme arbiter of all disputes between the two countries.

CONVINCE RUSSIA THAT U.S. HAS NO DESIGNS ON HER

But Admiral Zacharias stresses that he does not propose that the United States should discontinue its efforts now aimed at the strengthening of the country for world leadership, and adds, "but while continuing our efforts and maintaining our forces in a high state of preparedness, and developing our strength to match our national commitments, international obligations, and world prestige, we should make it crystal clear, both to the world at large, and to the U.S.S.R that we have no aggressive designs or intentions whatever."

Cloth Decontrol Policy Under Fire

CORPORATOR RAISES ALARM AT 'STEEP RISE' IN PRICES

BOMBAY, Monday.

An unanswerable case for the re-imposition of cloth control, was made by Mr. Naushir C. Bharucha at the Bombay Municipal Corporation this evening. The occasion was a resolution moved by him requesting the Mayor to convey the Corporation's "grave concern", at the steep rise in cloth prices, consequent on decontrol, which had placed cloth beyond the reach of the poor and middle classes. The resolution asked for the reimposition of cloth control, and the regulation of its production and distribution.

CONSUMERS "SQUEEZED"

Mr. Bharucha in support of the resolution stated that after de-control, the field had become clear for both wholeasalers as well as retailers to "squeeze" consumers most unscrupulously. It was strange that in a country which produced 4000 million yards of cloth there should be shortage or excessive prices. Looked at from any angle there was no justification for this state of affairs. Even the mill-owners had recognised that the present retail prices had no relation to ex-mill prices — hence fair price shops on their own initiative

FAIR PRICE AN "EYE-WASH"

But, said Mr. Bharucha; the fair price shops opened by the mill-owners were all an "eye-wash". Twentyeight fair price shops for a three-million population, did not have much meaning, beyond showing to the world that the mill-owners had the welfare of common people at heart. He poohpoohed the idea of Government partially controlling cloth. "With 4000 million yards at their disposal, they could not give us more than the ridiculous ration of 10 or 12 yards. With but 25 per cent of the out-put in their hands what will they give us", he asked. He wanted cloth-control to be total, beginning from the manufscture-end. Every other type of control he felt was futile. He strongly criticised Gocernment's advice to discourage profiteers by refusing to buy, if prices were unreasonable. "There is a limit to such abstinence", he said. The time would come, if Government's advice was literally followed, when people would be constrained to go semi-naked, he added.

Mr. K. K. Shah (Congress) moved an amendment that the resolution be referred to the Law, Revenue and General Purposes Committee. As the sky-rocketing of the first days of decontrol had now yielded to a decline in prices, he was optimistic that, given time, the prices would go down still further. Since cloth control was tried over a number of years, it was only fair that decontrol must be given a chance.

DESAI'S WARNING

Mr. Dinkar Desai opposed the amendment. It cloth control was only a partial success in the old days, it was due to the fact that the control itself was partial. Total control, he said, was the only solution to the problem. He challenged any one in the Corporation to disprove his statement that compared to pre-war prices the price of cloth had appreciated by 500 per cent.

"I have every moral right to tell workers not to produce cloth, unless government gives an assurance that the cloth will not go into the hands of the profiteers and the black-marketeers", said Mr. Desai. There was some laughter at his next remark "Politicians may not believe that politics and morality have anything to do with each other. But, being a humble Trade Unionist, I believe in it."

Mr. Salebhoy Abdul Kader supporting the amendment said that if government were in a position to nationalise the textile industry, it was a different matter—but to ask them to reimpose cloth control—was tantamount to asking them "to reharass" the people.

STOP SMUGGLING

Mr. G. G. Morarji also opposed the resolution and supported the amendment. He wanted the people to cooperate with the government and determine who were the men responsible for smuggling large quantities of cloth to Pakistan.

Mr. Naushir Bharucha in his reply stated that by sending back the resolution to the Law and Revenue Committee "the Congress Party was sabotaging its purpose."

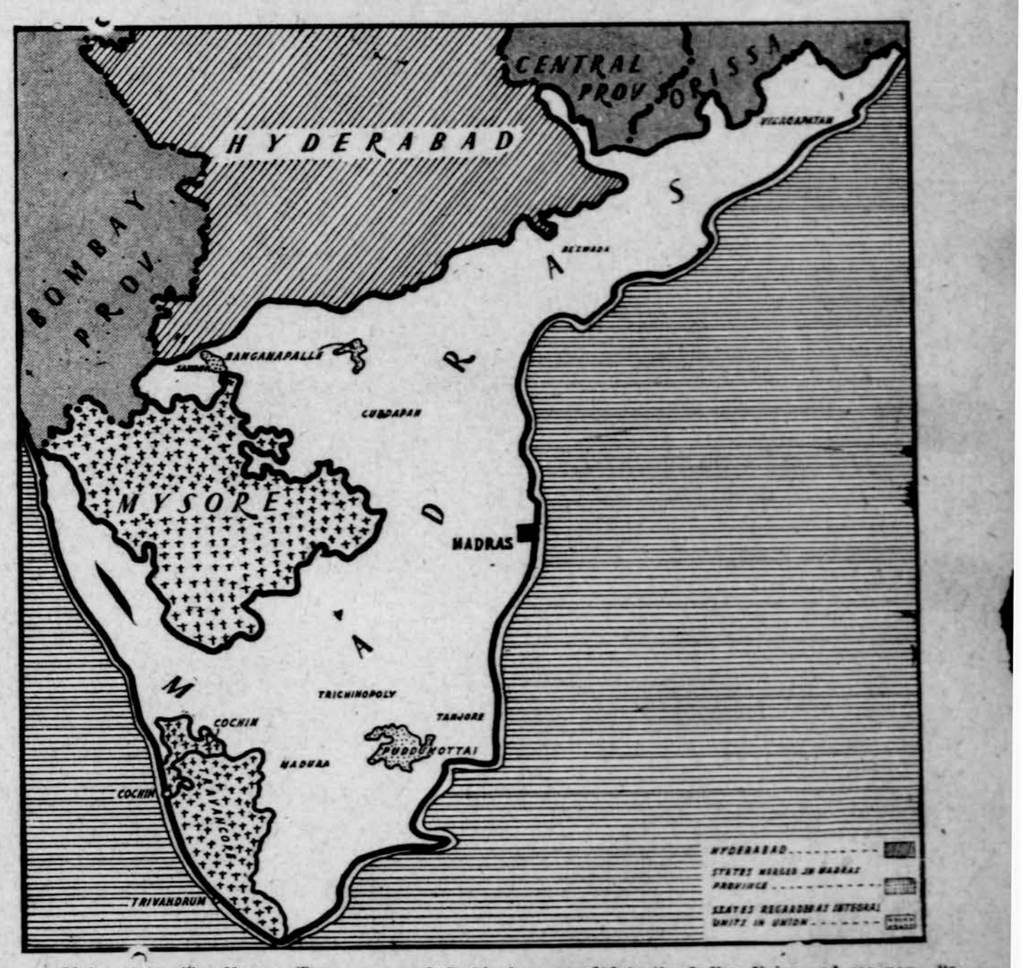
The resolution was thrown out and the amendment carried when a poll was taken. Dr. M. W. Mascarenhas, Mayor presided.

ASAF ALI SWORN IN

CUTTACK, June 21 (A.P.I.) : Mr. Asaf Ali was sworn as Governor of Orissa, in succession to Dr. Kailash Nath Katju, at Government House this morning. The ceremony was attended by officials and non-officials. Mr. Justice P. K. Ray of the Patna High Court, administered the oath.

After the ceremony, the Premier, Mr. Harekrishna Mahtab and his colleagues and other officials who attended, were introduced to His Excellency.

UNITS OF THE INDIAN UNION_II—MADRAS



Major states like Mysore, Travancore, and Cochin have acceded to the Indian Union and are now its interal units. Small States like Sandur, Banganapalle, and Pudukottai, have merged themselves with Madras Presidency. Among the latter, Pudukottai is the biggest, with an area of 1,185 sq. miles, a population of over four lakhs and a revenue of over 27 lakhs annualy. The ruling house of Pudukottai traces its ancestry to Tamil Kings of mediaeval Indian history.

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